# RADIO CONTROLLED ELECTRIC POWERED RACING BUGGY

# 4WDS OFF-ROAD RACER GALLOP HALII

- ●"BIG LEAGUE" POWERFUL MABUCHI 540S MOTOR INCLUDED
  - •FOUR-WHEEL STEERING FOR TOP CORNERING POWER
- ●FOUR-WHEEL DRIVE FOR MAXIMUM POWER ON THE GROUND
- TRANSVERSE FRONT SPRING/SHOCK UNITS (10mm SHOCKS FOR TOP BOUNCE/REBOUND CONTROL ON BUMPS)
- OPTIMIZED SUSPENSION GEOMETRY TO ELIMINATE "BUMP-STEERING" (FRONT-WHEEL DEFLECTION BY BUMPS)
- ADJUSTABLE SUSPENSION CHARACTERISTICS (STIFFNESS, OVERSTEER/UNDERSTEER) TO TAILOR BUGGY TO ANY COURSE
   GLASS-REINFORCED NYLON SUSPENSION ARMS, OVERSIZE BALL JOINTS, ALLOY ALUMINUM PARTS FOR MAXIMUM STRENGTH
- •FIBERGLASS-REINFORCED POLYESTER UPPER CHASSIS PLATE FOR STRENGTH, EASY MAINTENANCE OF RADIO SYSTEM
  - OUALITY NATURAL-RUBBER SEMI-PNEUMATIC TIRES
  - **OLIGHTWEIGHT, STRONG ONE-PIECE NYLON WHEELS**
  - ONYLON REAR GUARD PROTECTS MOTOR FROM REAR COLLISIONS

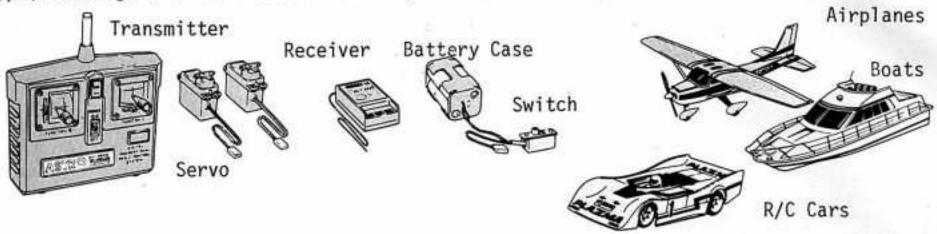




# GALLOP MKII4WDS

NOTES ON RADIO CONTROL SETS

A digital proportional radio control set is required for operating this car. Two servos (standard or mini size) are required. The transmitter and receiver may be a 2-channel type, although a 3- or 4-channel set may be used with only two servos.



THINGS TO BE PROCURED BESIDES THE KIT

[2 channel Radio Control System]

Two types of transmitter are available, One uses a wheel for controlling the direction of the vehicle, while the other uses two "sticks" that control direction and speed when pushed sideways or backward/forward. The choice is yours, and depends on cost and comfort using it.

Servo

Receiver

2ch. Radio Control System

Batteries for radio set

Simple radio control sets use penlight dry cells for power. While such sets are the least expensive way to begin radio control operation, the batteries must be replaced regularly at appreciable cost. In the long run it is more economical to purchase a radio set that is supplied with nickel-cadmium (NiCd) batteries, or to substitute NiCd pencells fox the desposable type.



Battery for Radio Control Unit

Ni-Cad Battery

Gallop MKII 4WDS is designed to use a rechargeable 7.2V 1200mAh NiCd battery pack. A Kyosho Racing Battery, part number 2218 (and some other brands) may be recharged at a wide range of rates. The charging rate depends on the type of charger used.

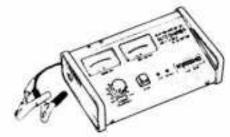


#### BATTERY CHARGER

The simplest charger supplies a low current, and the battery is charged for 14-16 hours. This type of charger operates on household AC power. Faster charges are available, all operated from a well-charged 12V car battery. Using these, the battery pack can be reacharged in 15-20 minutes. With two or three battery packs, it is possible to run the car almost continuously. Kyosho offers three types of fast charger. Type 2207 charges at a constant current for a time set by a timer. Type 1846 allows adjusting the current using a built-in ammeter, and a timer shuts off the current at the time set by the user. Type 1848 also allows adjusting the current with a buit-in ammeter, but a circuit in it monitors the voltage of the cells and cuts off the charging current when the cells are fully charged. The latter two can charge a battery pack to 100% of its capacity, while the first gives about 70% of full charge safely.

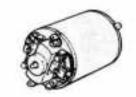
Item No.	Name of Charger	Charging Time	Charging Rate	Features
No. 2221	Super Ni-Cd Charger	14 to 16 hrs	100 %	For beginners
No. 2207	Super Ni-CD Rapid Charger (DC-12V)	15 minutes	about 70 %	For beginners; timer built in
No. 1846	Multi Charger (DC-12V)	20 minutes	100 %	Timer, ammeter built in
No. 1848	Auto Charger (DC-12V)	about 20 minutes	100 %	Ammeter, volt-meter built in; automatic cut-off at peak of charge
No. 2232	Super Ni-Cd AC Rapid Charger	about 40 minutes	about 80 %	Chargable from Household Outlet, Electronic Timer built in



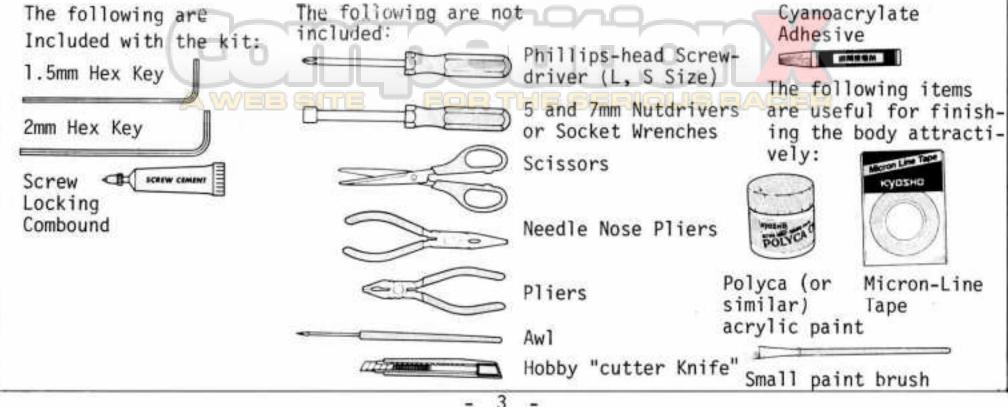


#### MOTOR

The standard type of Gallop Mark II is mounted with the Mabuchi 540S motor, but for the racing purposes the Le Mans 600E (High torque motor for the general use) and the Le Mans 360ST (High-power, high-torque type for the general use), and the Le Mans 360PT (High-power and hightorque type) are available.



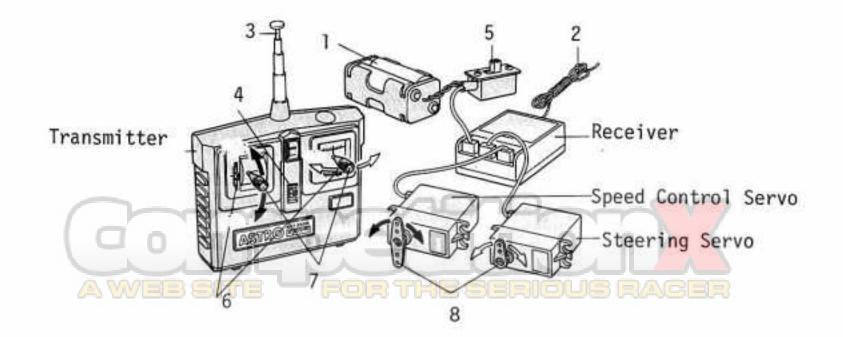
The cord, condenser, and the fixing screws are included with the motors.



#### CHECKING YOUR RADIOS SYSTEM

- 1. Install the batteries into both the transmitter and receiver. If your radio uses rechargeable batteries, charge it as outlined in the manual that came with your set.
- Unwind the receiver antenna and plug the servo and battery connectors into the receiver.
- Extend the transmitter antenna.
- Turn On the transmitter power switch.
- 5. Turn On the receiver power switch.
- Set the small trim levers to the center position and make sure that both main control sticks are also centered.
- Move both main control sticks slowly through their full travel. The servo horns should move in proportion to the movement of your sticks.
- 8. When trim levers and sticks are at their neutral positions, the servo horms should be centered. Switch off the transmitter, then the receiver.
- \*\*\*It is important to always switch the transmitter on first .... then the receiver. When turning off the system, turn off the receiver first, then the transmitter.
- A 2-channel radio control system is composed of a transmitter, receiver, two servos, and a battery holder (for the receiver.)
- \*Transmitter .... A "box" with extermal controls ("sticks" or a wheel and trigger, for example) that can be moved by the operator to control the model by means of a radio signal.
- \*Receiver ...... Receives the radio signals from the transmitter and operates the required servo(s).
- \*Antennas ...... Transmitter antenna: broadcats the radio signal produced by the transmitter.
  - Receiver antenna: Picks up the signals from the transmitter and conducts them to the receiver.
- \*Servos ...... Electric motor units that move the controls of the model in response to the movements of the controls of the transmitter.
- \*Trim Levers ..... Adjust the neutral position of the servos from the transmitter.

  Trim levers provide fine tuning of the steering and speed control.
- \*Battery Meter ... Allows you to see the condition of your transmitter batteries.
- \*Servo Horn ..... A small arm or wheel on a servo that transfers the movement of the servo.



#### BEFORE ASSEMBLY

Please read through these instructions before assembly. Your thorough understanding of the assembly will enable you to build the kit without difficulty. Check the components in the kit prior to starting assembly. Any claim for replacement or refund for a model in the process of assembly will not be accepted.

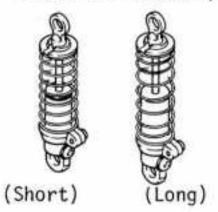
\*Small items such as screws, spacers, and washers are illustrated actual size.
\*Apply "THREAD LOCKING CEMENT" to any point indicated with mark.

#### NOTE:

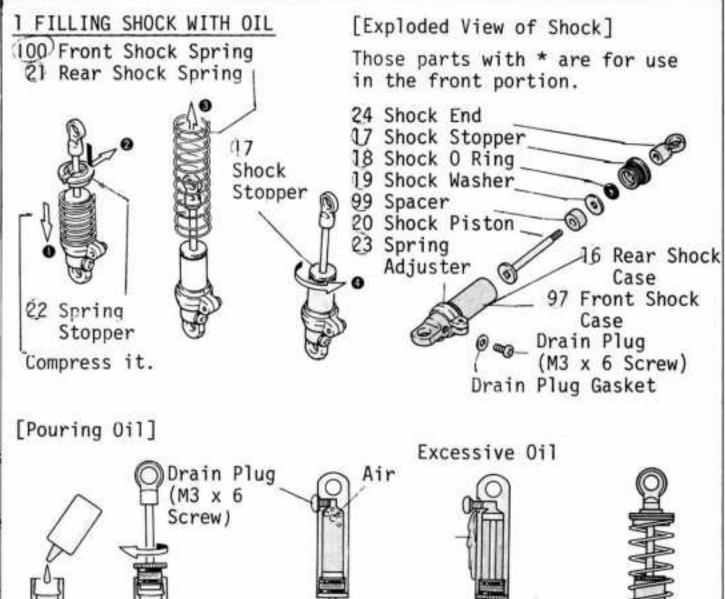
- I. Try not to apply thread-lock-cement to places other than indicated. The cement may dissolve nylon parts.
- Be careful not to tighten self-tapping-screw too tight. Otherwise you may strip the threads.
- 3. Trim runners off the plastic parts with a knife.

#### 1 FILLING SHOCK WITH OIL

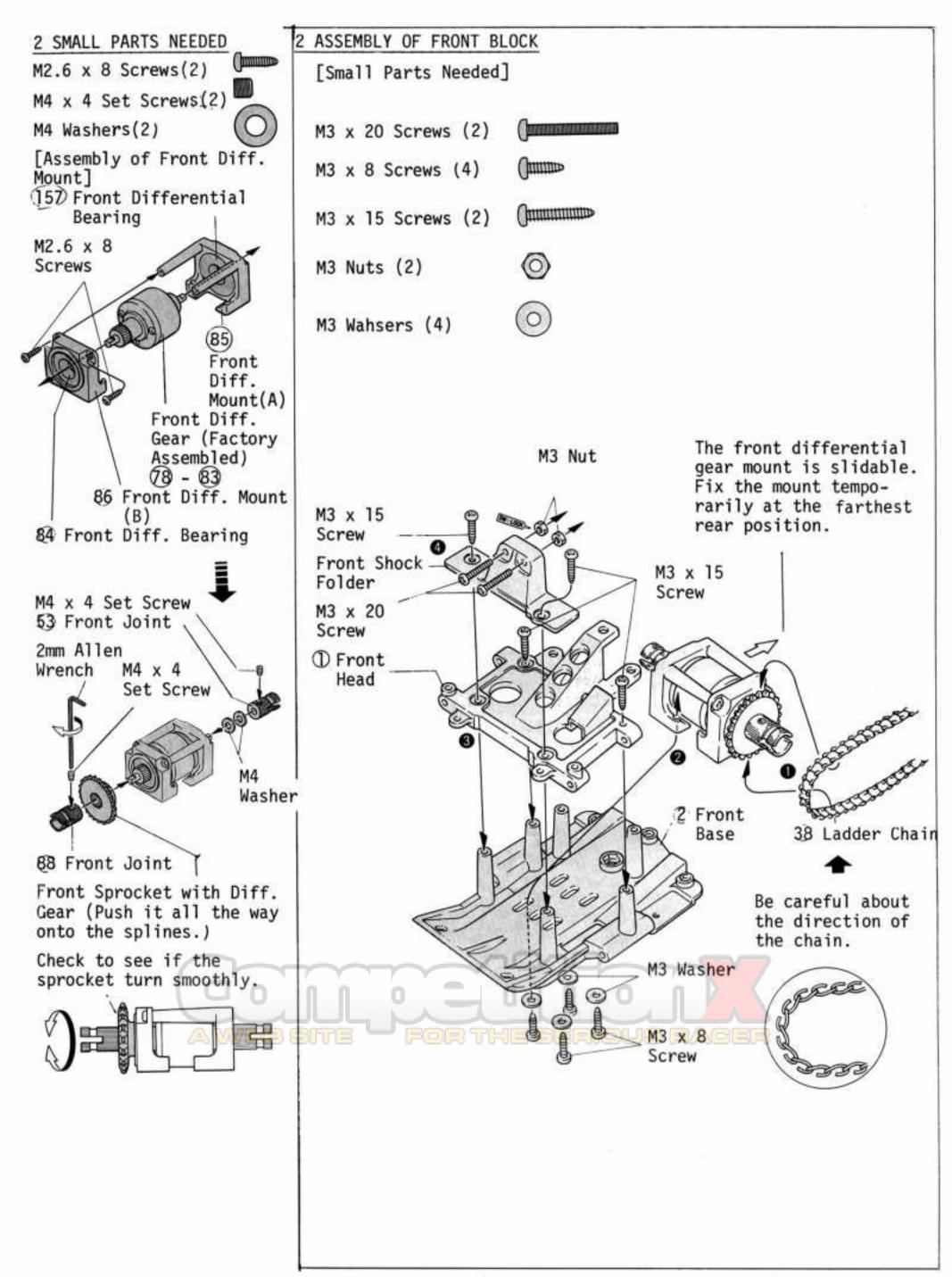
- \*Disassemble the four oil shocks, which have been assembled in the kit, and put the oil into them.
- \*Follow the setps shown in the drawing below to remove the shock springs.

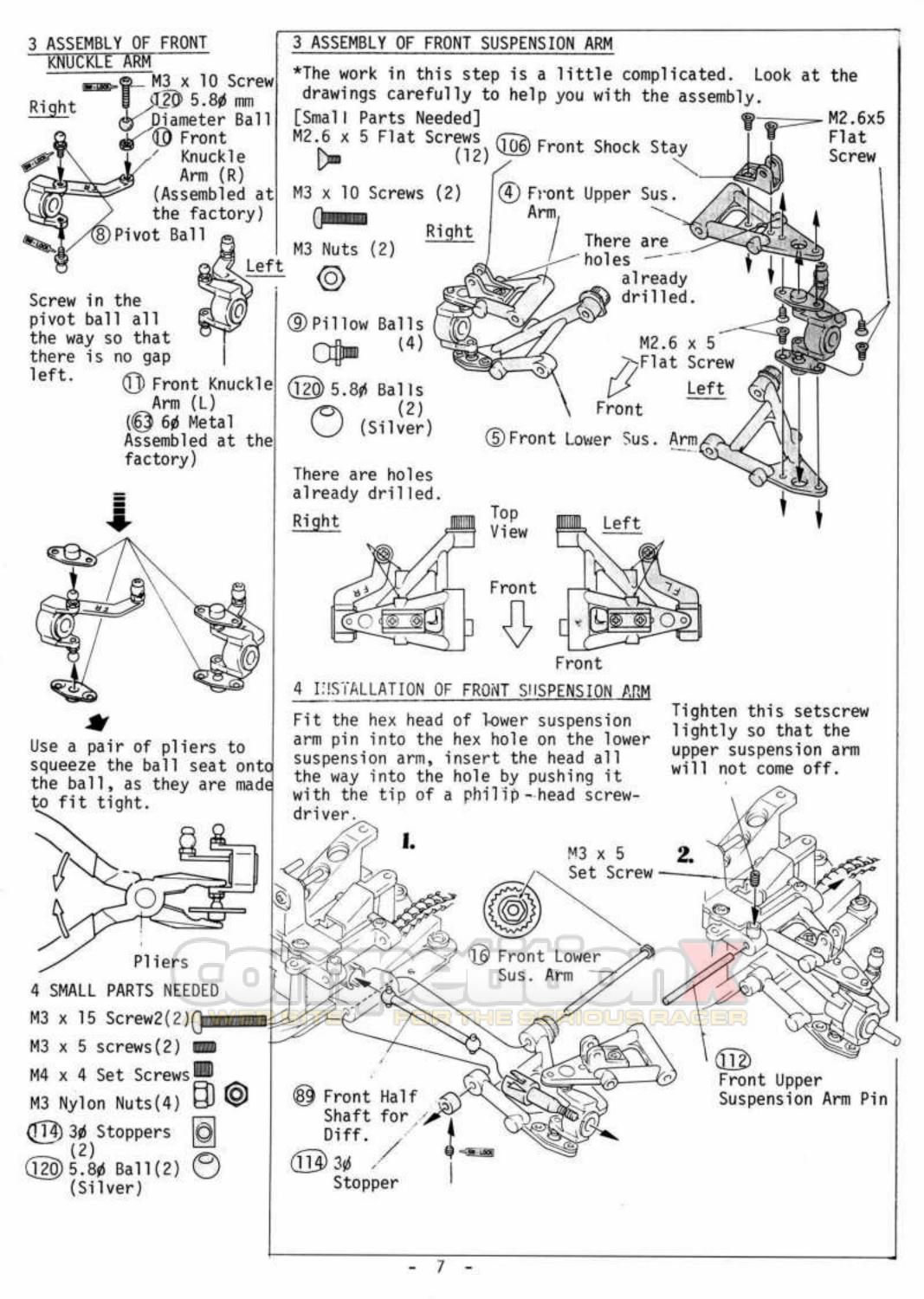


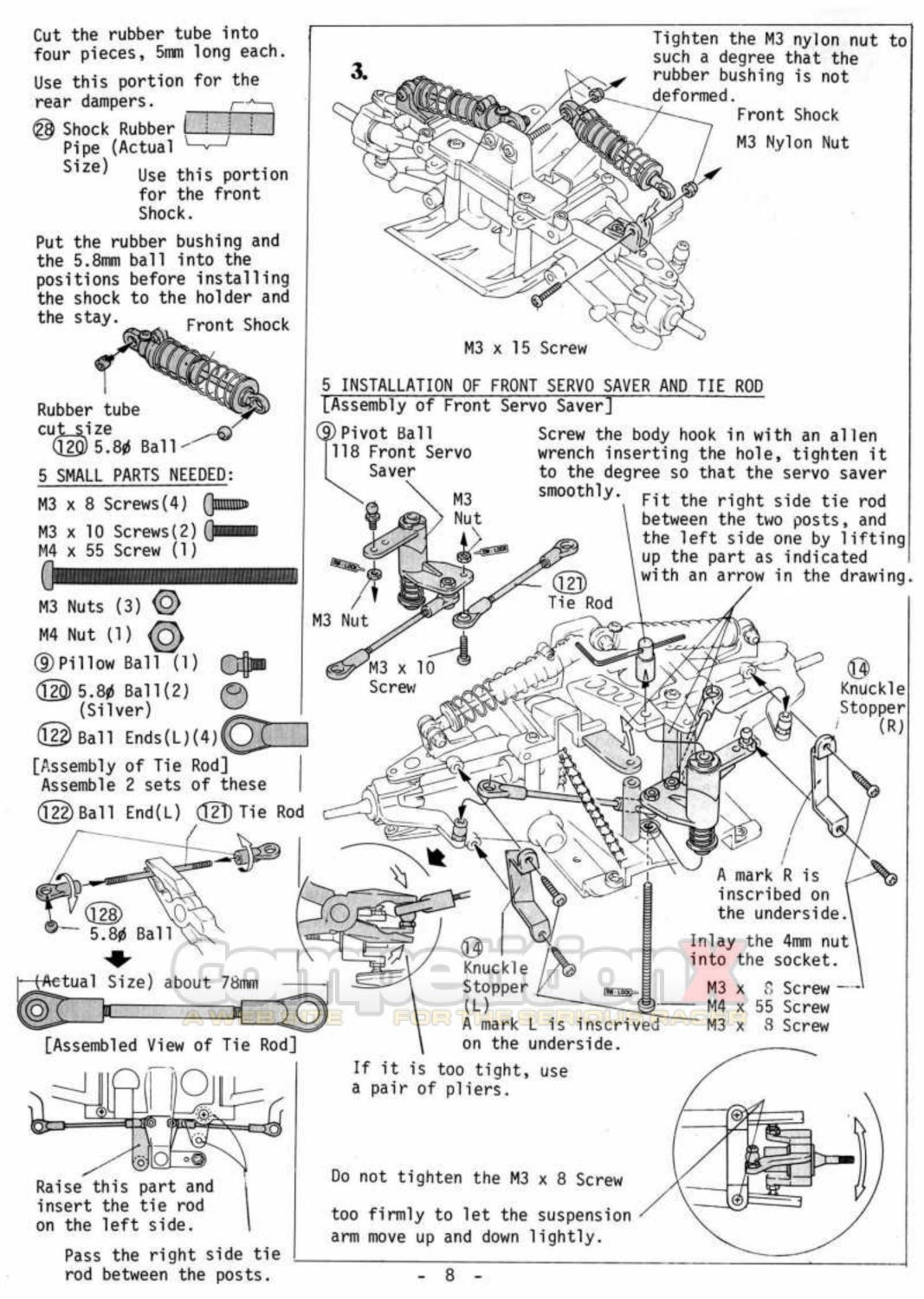
Since some different parts are used for the front from for the rear ones, disassemble and reassemble one by one.

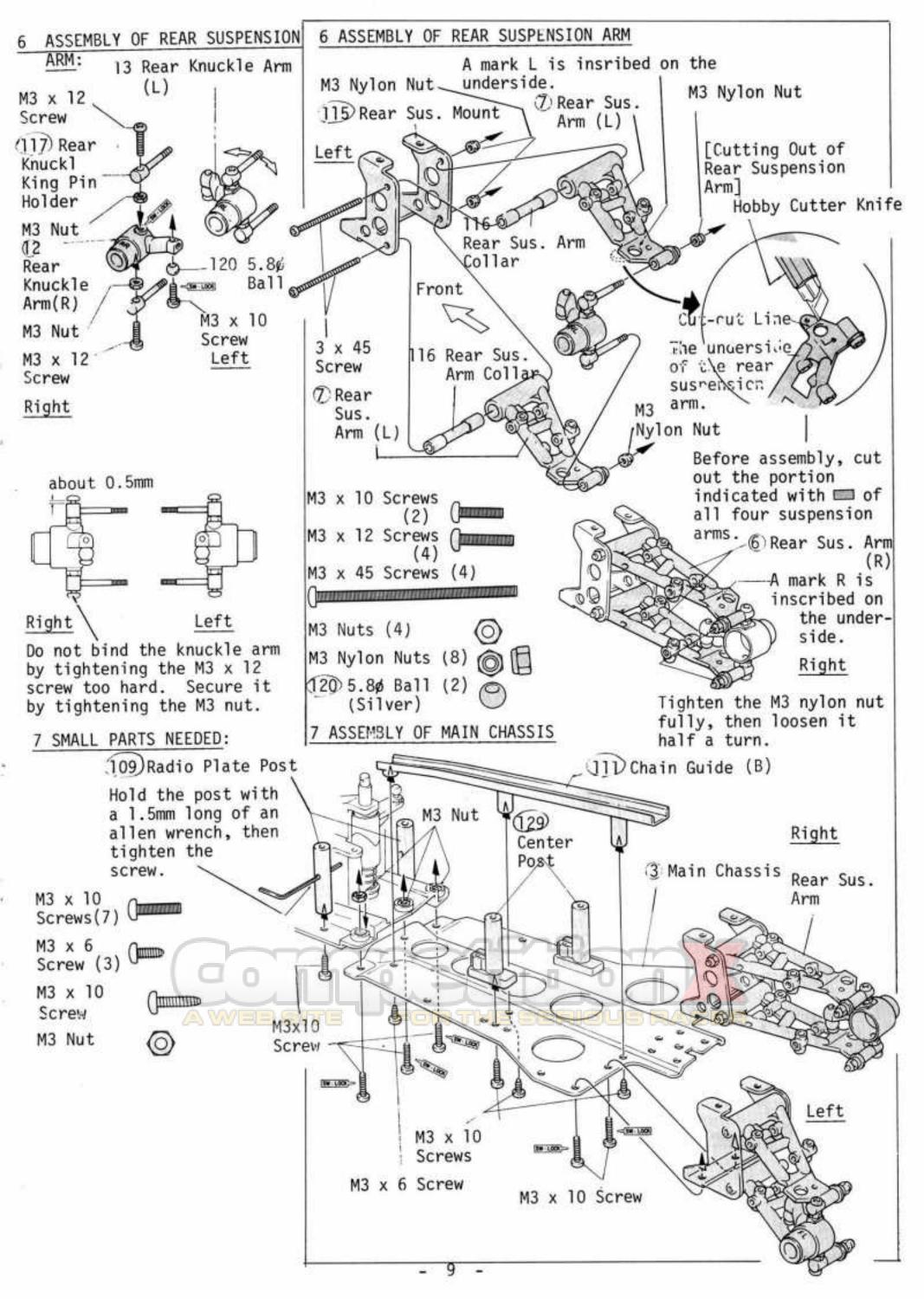


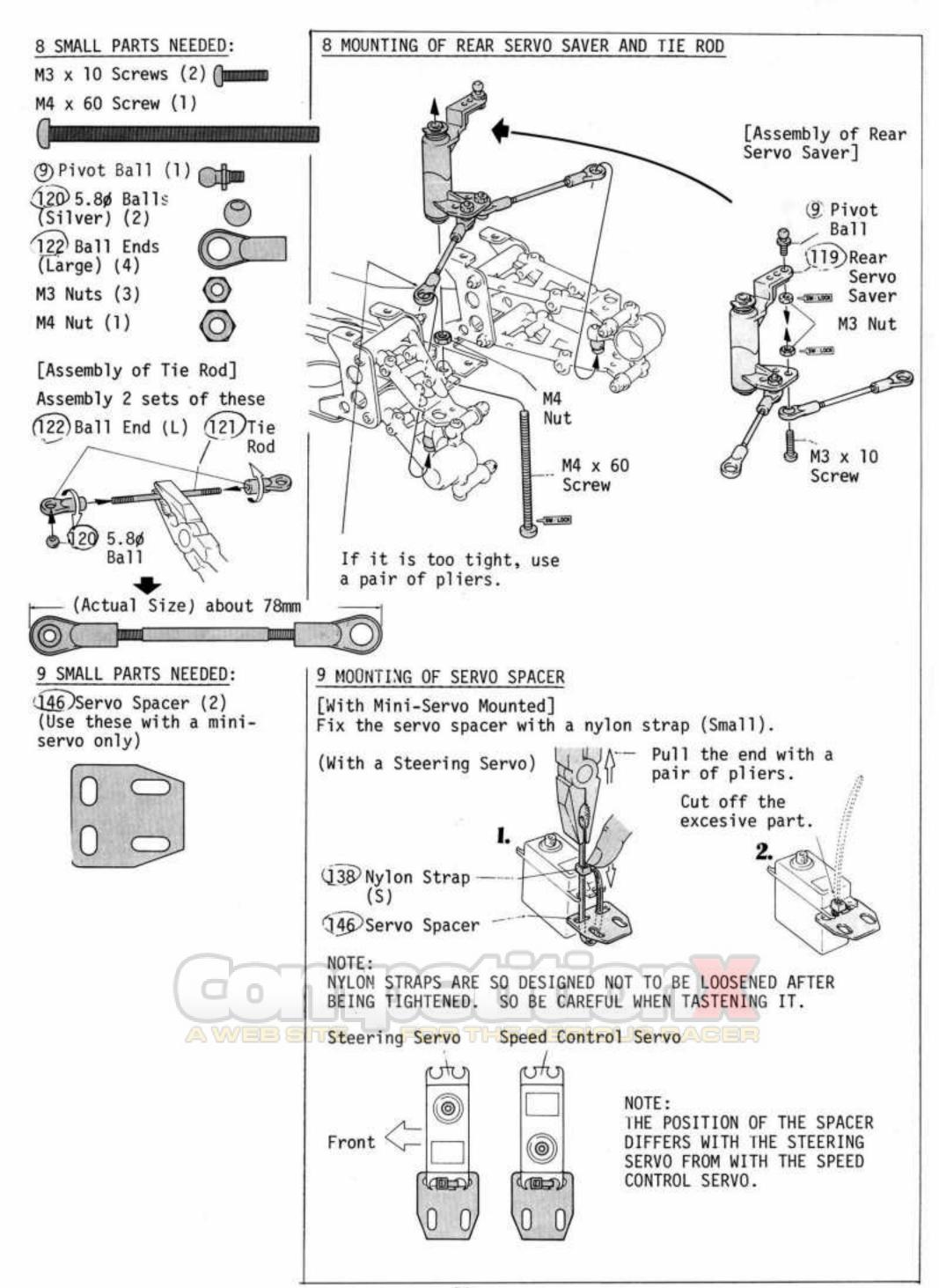
- 1. Fill up the shock cylinder with oil up to the inner shoulder. Tighten the shock stopper by hand. Do not over-tighten or
- the 0-ring will squeeze out of position.
- 3. Hold the oil shock upside down for 30 seconds until the air rises up to the other end.
- Loosen the drain screw and compress the piston gradually. Retighten the shock stopper and the drain screw, then the process of oil pouring is completed.
- Reinstall the spring as it was at the beginning.

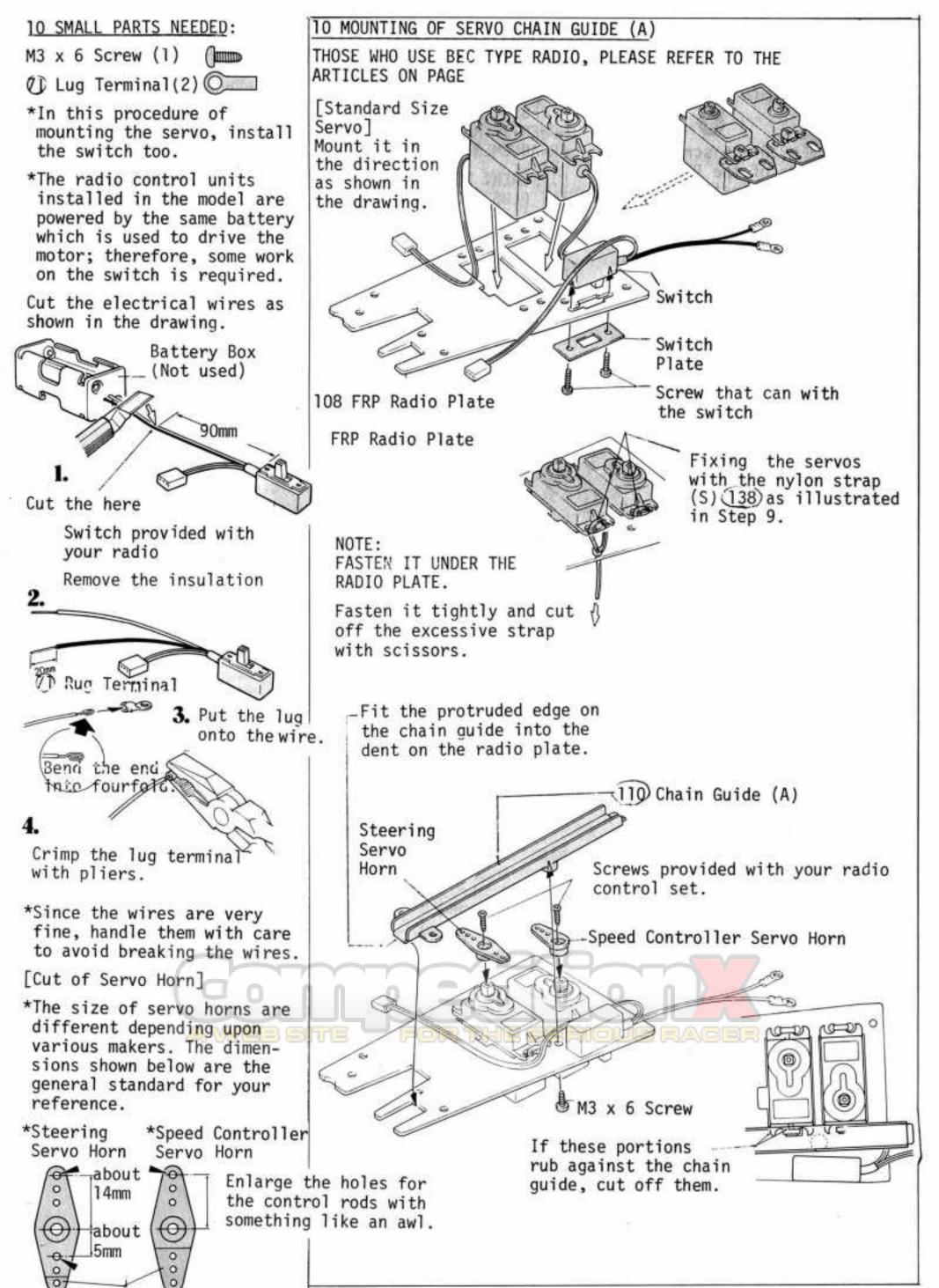












Cut the here

#### 11 SMALL PARTS NEEDED

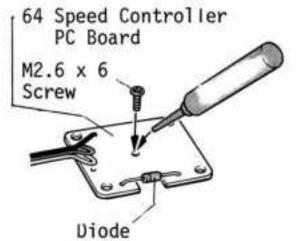
M2.6 x 6 Screw (1) ()

M3 x 10 Screws (4)

M3 Nuts (4)



\$crew in a M2.6 x 6 screw on the underside of the PC board, and then install the speed controller to the radio plate.



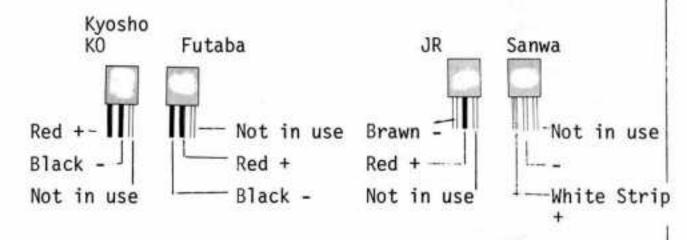
Apply a little amount of Cyanoacrylate Adhesive.

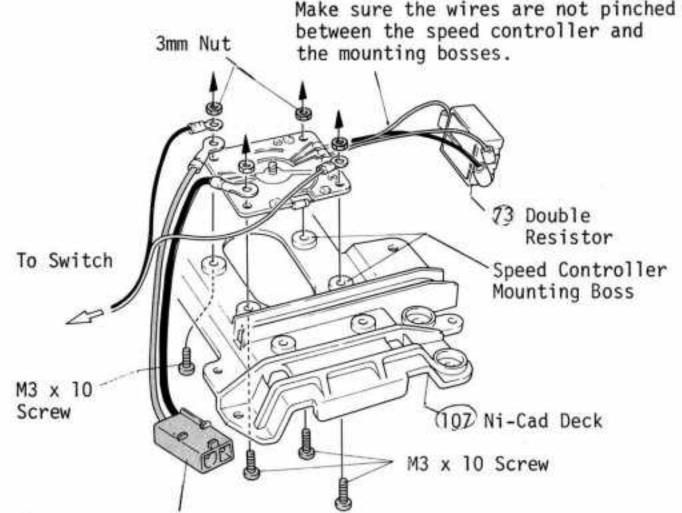
#### 11 MOUNTING SPEED OCNTROLLER

#### NOTE:

 BE CAREFUL ABOUT THE POLARITY WHEN CONNCTING THE LEAD WIRES. ERRONEOUS WIRING MAY BURN OUT RECEIVER IN A MOMENT. REFER TO THE DRAWING BELOW FOR THE CORRECT ARRANGEMENT.

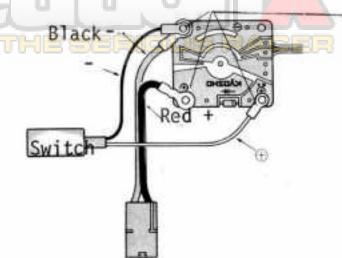
DIFFERENT MERKERS OF THE RADIO USE DIFFERENT COLORS FOR THE PLUS AND MINUS LEADS.





(4 Battery Connector

2. THE DIODE FUNCTIONS AS A REGULATOR TO ADJUST THE BATTERY VOLTAGE DOWN SUITABLE FOR THE RECEIVER. SO AVOID, BY ALL MEANS, CONNECTING THE BATTERY TO THE RECEIVER DIRECTLY.



Arrange the direction of the lugs and the wires as shown in the drawing.

#### 12 How to Handle Radio

Read the instructions which are attached to your radio control set carefully so that you will operate it correctly. You are required to be particularly cautions about the polarity of the batteries when installing.

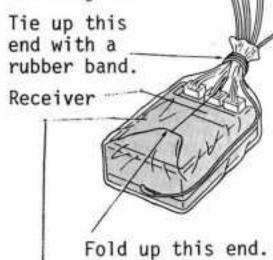
[Power Source for Receiver]

For the receiver, use a Ni-Cad battery pack which propelling the car; for that purpose the switch has been rewired in chapter 10 "Mounting Servos".

Connect the battery as shown in the drawing at right. The battery must be charged fully; an inadequately charged one cannot operate the radio control units properly.

Super Ni-Cad Charger which is powered from a houseld electric outlet.

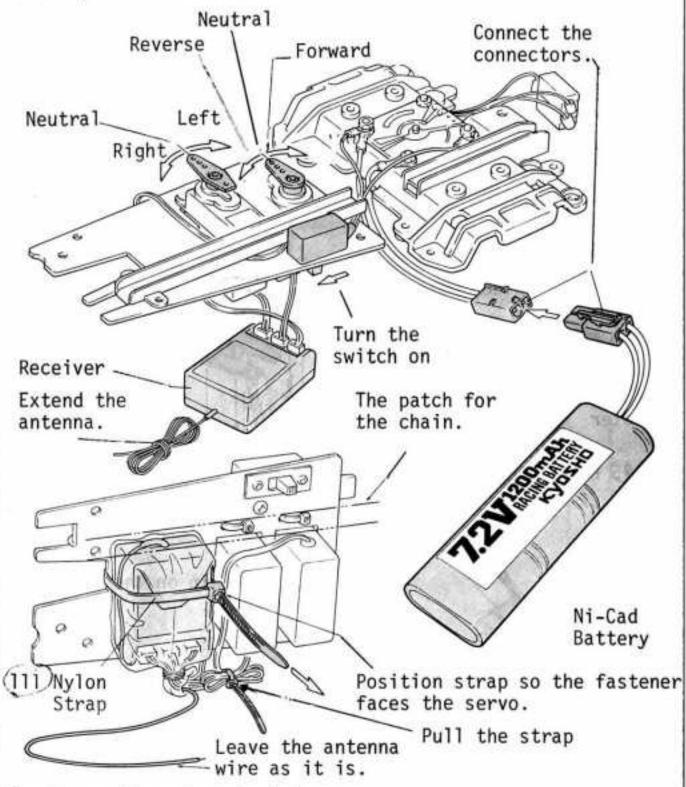
Wrap up the receiver with saran wrapping to prevent dust and water from entering it.



Saran Wrapping

#### 12 TESTING RADIO OPERATION AND MOUNTING OF RECEIVER

\*Activate the radio control units for your radio following the steps indicated in numerical order.



Bundle up the extra electric cords with a small nylon strap 110 and keep it on this side in order not to tangled with the drive chain which passes on the other side where the switch is mounted.

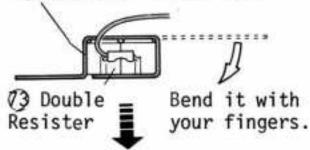
NOTE: HANDLE THE RADIO PLATE AND THE BATTERY MOUNT WITH CARE, AS THEY ARE CONNECTED WITH THIN WIRES OF THE RECEIVER SWITCH.

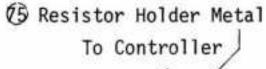
## 13 SMALL PARTS NEEDED:

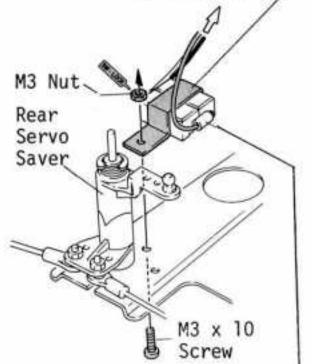
M3 x 10 Screws (5) (1) M3 x 10 Screws (2) (1) M3 x 15 Screws (4) (1) M3 Nut (1)

\*As the first task in this step, fasten the resistor to the main chassis. Bend the resistor holder metal as shown in the drawing below to retain the resistor.

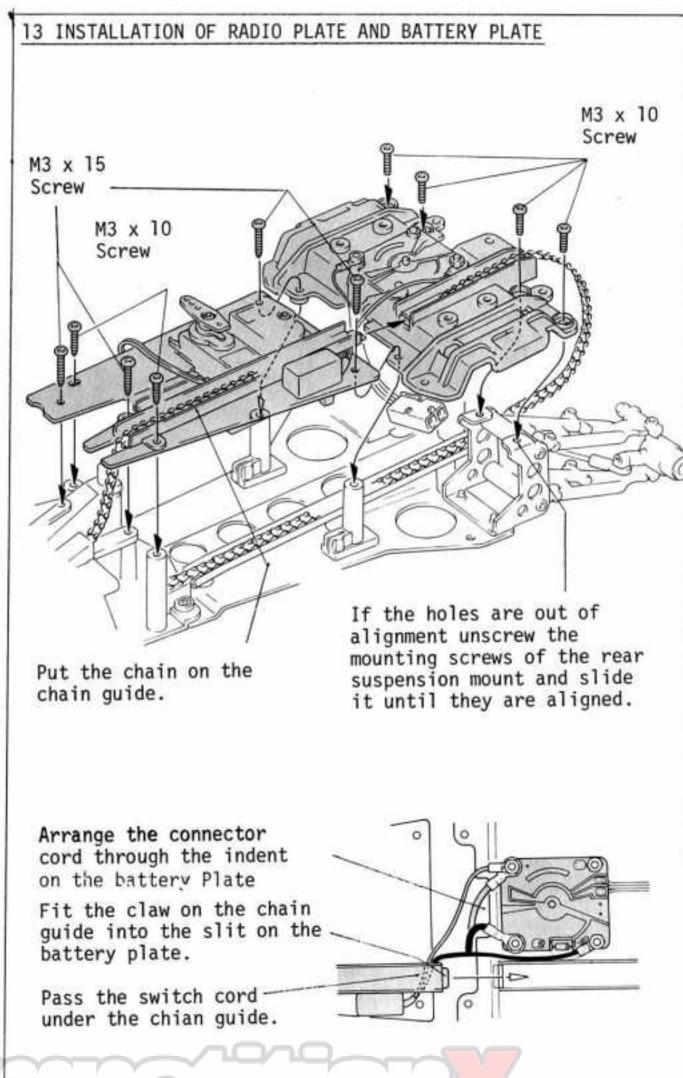
B Resistor Holder Metal

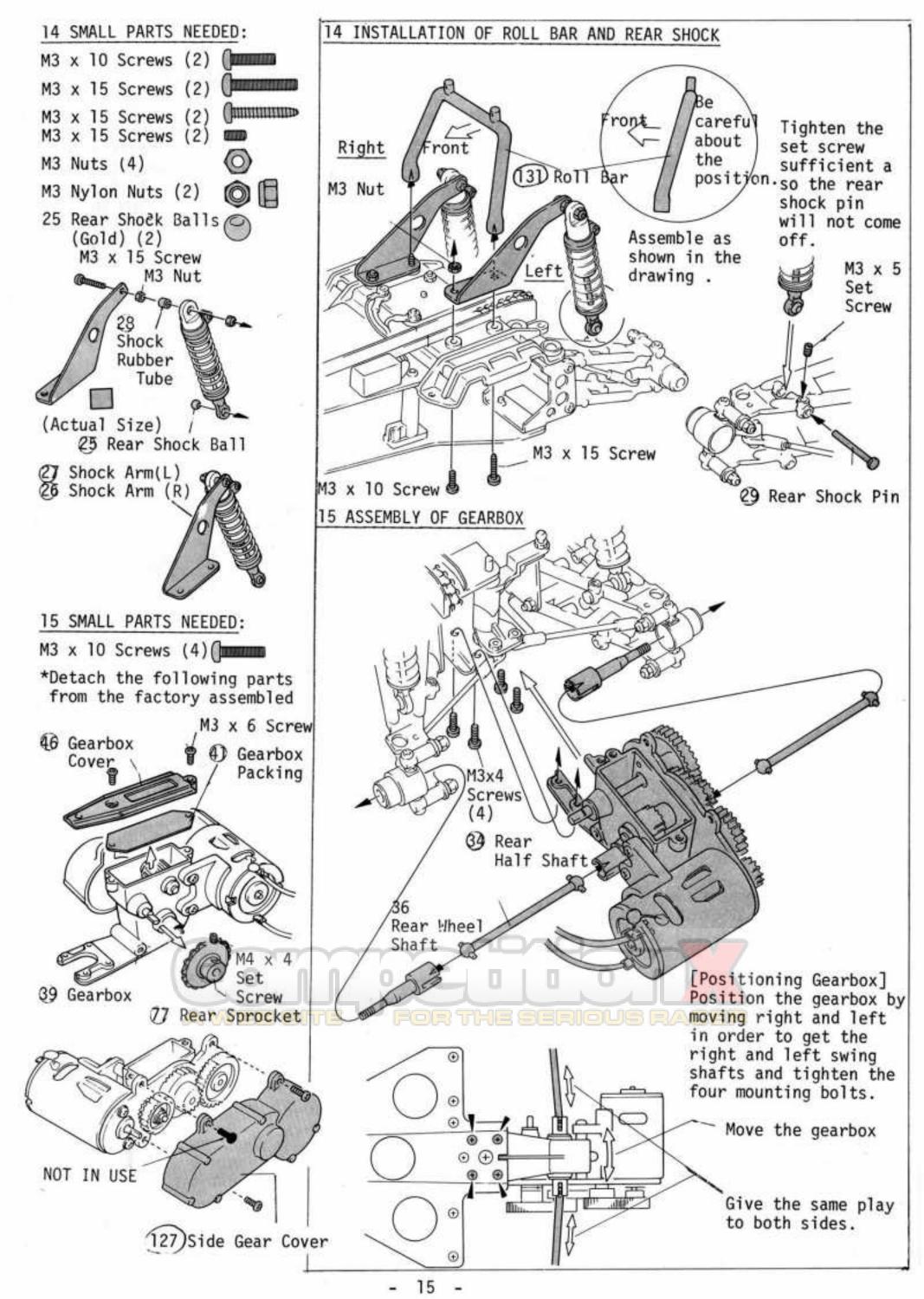






73 Double Resister





#### 16 SMALL PARTS NEEDED:

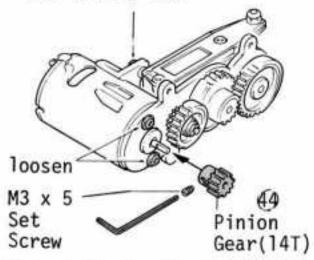
M3 x 5 Set Screw (1)

M4 Nylon Nut (1)

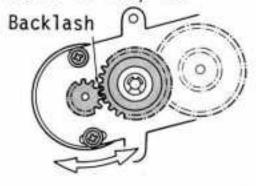


\*Fix the low-speed pinion gear 49 during a break in period to allow the moveing parts to wear in with each other and to seat themselves.

Loosen the screws on the motor guide, too.



\*Adjust the backlash (play between the gear teeth) by sliding the motor back and forth. Having gained the correct position, fix the motor with the installing screws and with those on the side of motor guide. Then put back the side cover which has been removed on Step 15.



# 17 SMALL PARTS NEEDED:

(9) Pivot Ball(1) M3 Nut(1)

O Silver M3 Nuts(2) Contacts(2) (Gold)

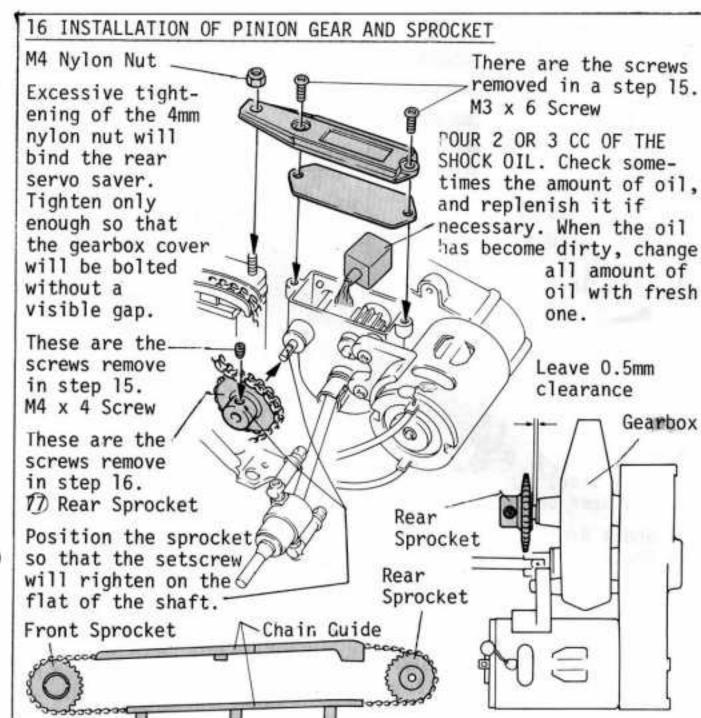
(2) Contact Holders

68 Speed Controller Spring (1)

67 Speed Controller Nut (1)

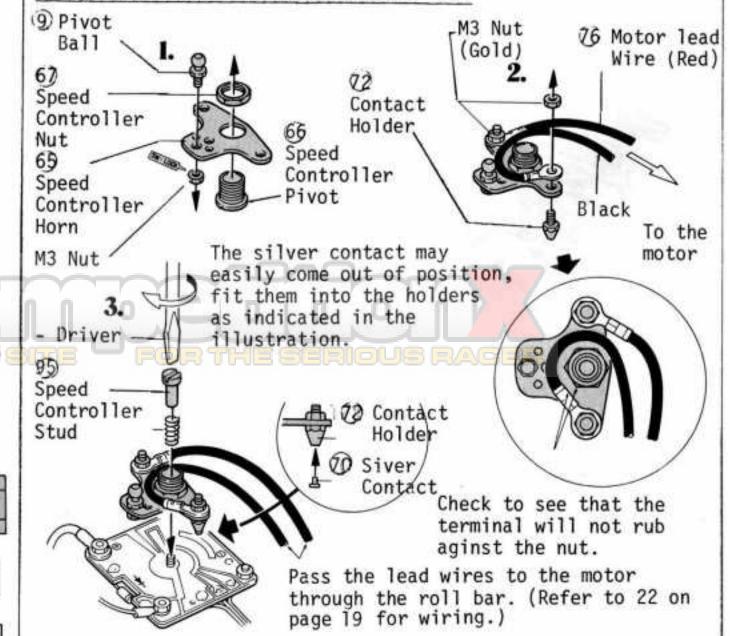
60 Speed Controller Pivot (1)

69 Speed Controller Stud

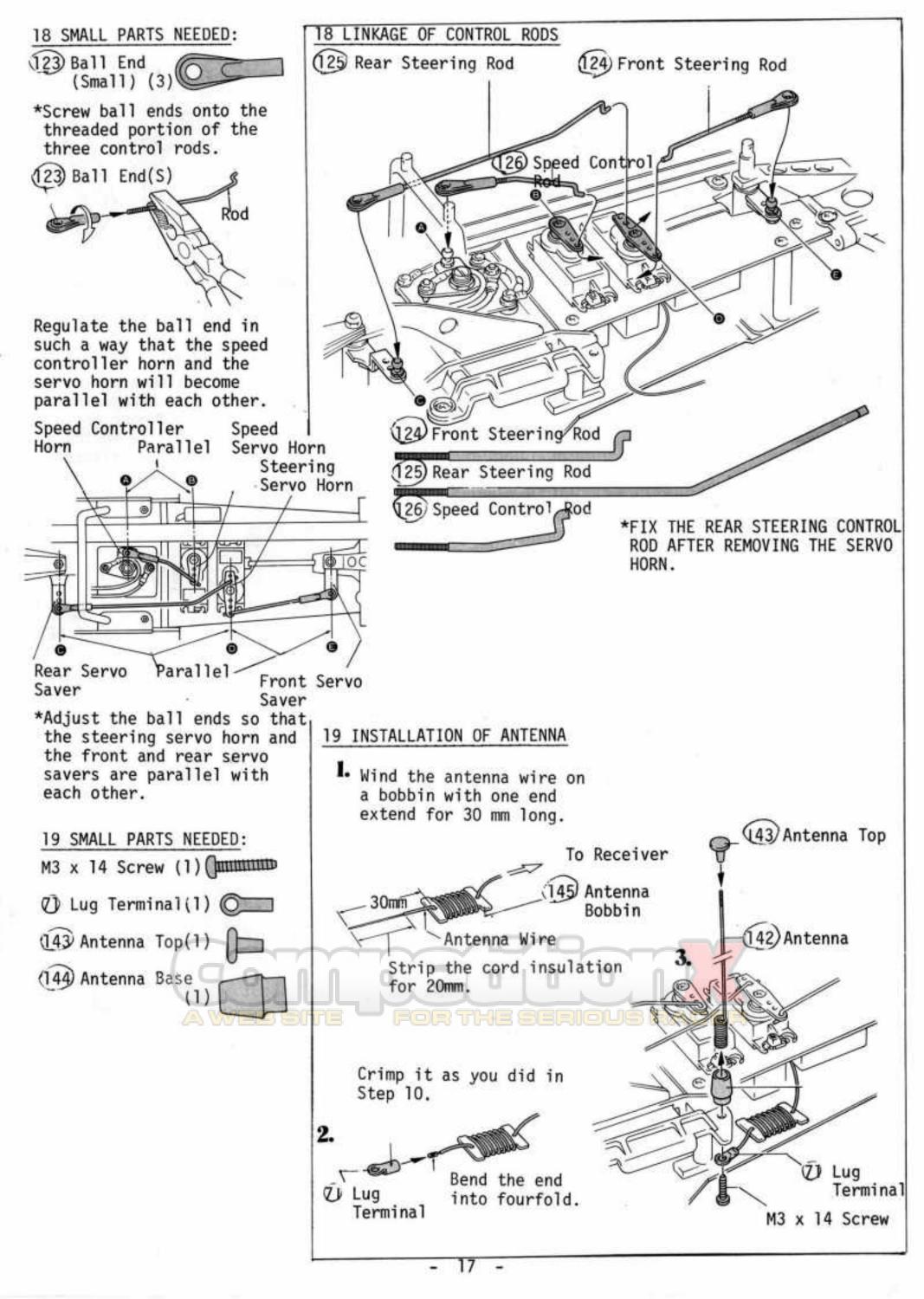


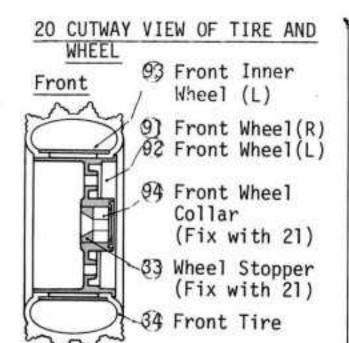
\*When assembling the rear sprocket, hold the shaft with a pair of pliers so that it will not slip into the gearbox.

# 17 INSTALLATION OF SPEED CONTROLLER HORN

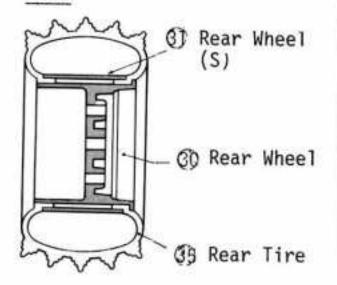








# Rear



### 21 SMALL PARTS NEEDED:



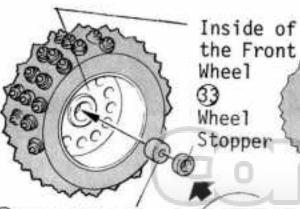
0

M4 Nylon Nuts(4) M4 Washer(2)

82 Wheel Washer(2)



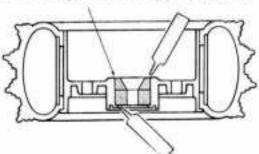
\*Insert the parts indicated below into the front wheel



9 Front Wheel Collar

Be careful about the position.

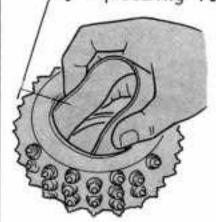
Push in the wheel stopper as deep as possible, so that the edge will be flush.



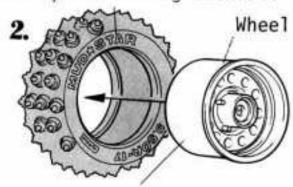
Apply some cyanoacrylate adhesive in order to avoid the parts slipping.

## 20 ASSEMBLY OF TIRE

Install inner tire by squeezing it.



Have the side with the inscription facing outward.



Apply a little amount of water or soapy water onto the wheel for an easier fitting.

It may difficult to put in the inner side of the tire, so use a screwdriver as a guide and push in the edge with a finger.

Cyanoacrylate Adhesive 4. Open the seam between the wheel and tire with a finger and pour instant glue into the inside and outside edges-all around.



NOTE: IF THE TIRE IS GLUED IN A DISTORTED STATE, IF WILL BE DIFFICULT TO REGAIN THE ORIGINAL SHAPE. SO TRY NOT TO DISTORT THE TIRE WHEN GLUING.

# 21 INSTALLATION OF WHEEL

Install this side in the same way as done on the left side.

M4 Washer

33 Wheel Stopper

Be careful about — the position. Inside

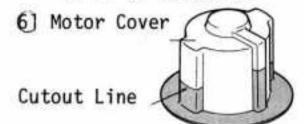
You can disregard the arrow mark described on the inside of the wheel.

4mm Nylon Nut

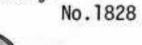
(Tighten it fully so that the wheel will not run idle.)

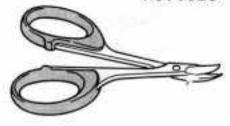
32 Wheel Washer

22 \*Cut off the shaded portion, indicated in the drawing, along the cutout line with a knife or scissors.



Curved-jaw shears cut body shell neatly.



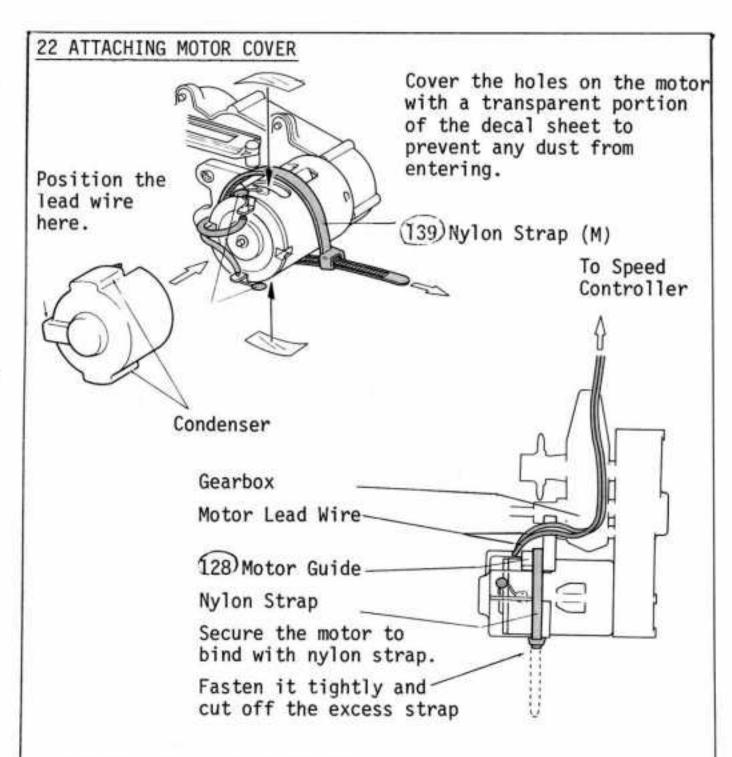


#### 23 SMALL PARTS NEEDED:

M3 x 10 Screws (4)

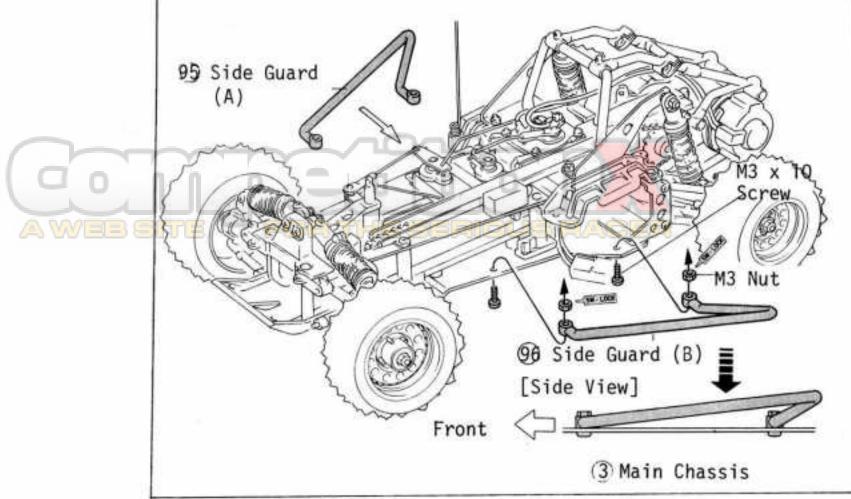
M3 Nuts (4)

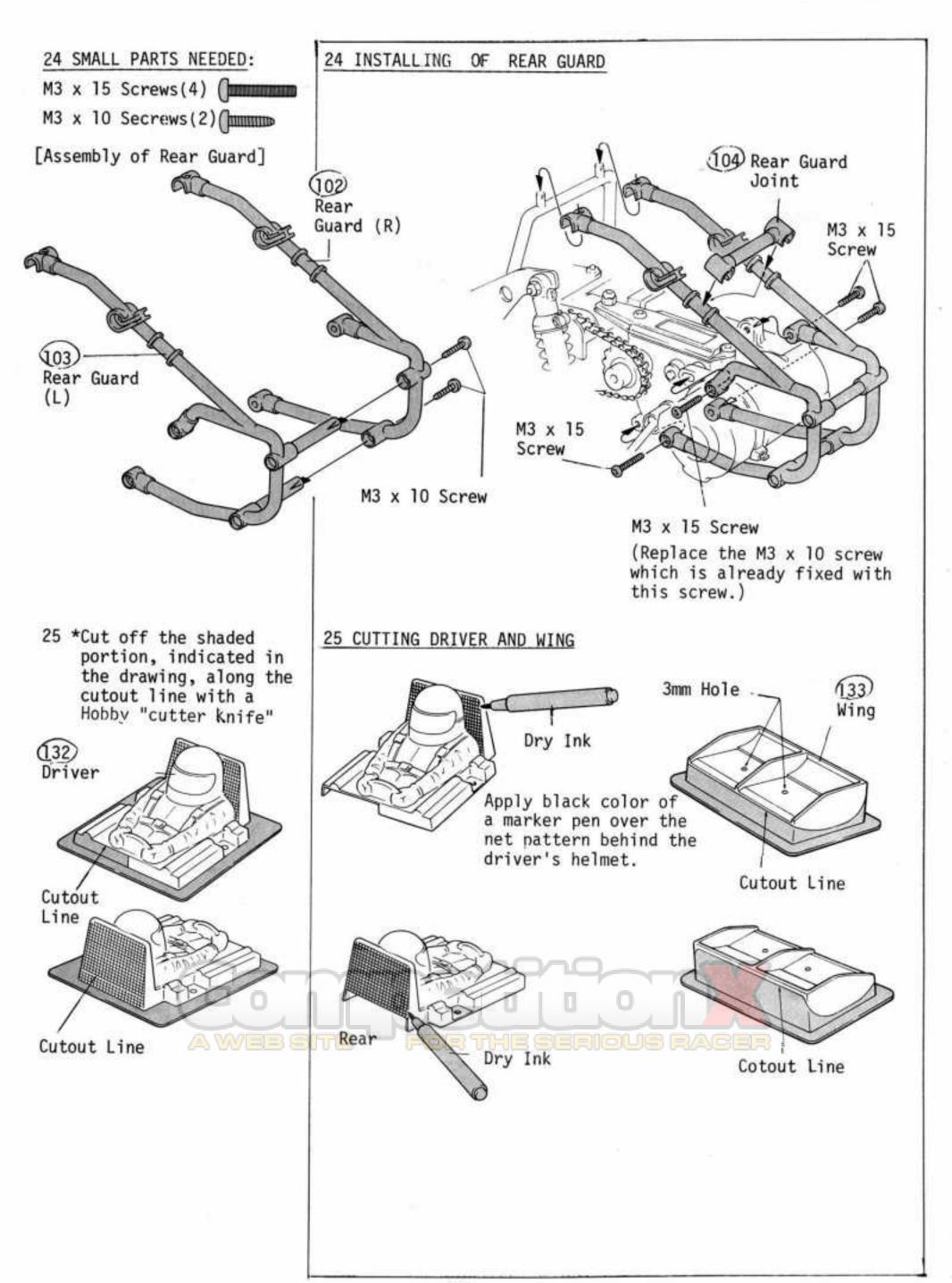




### 23 INSTALLATION OF SIDE GUARD

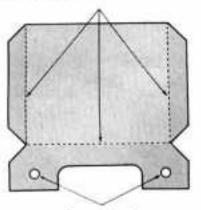
NOTE: THERE ARE THE RIGHT AND LEFT SIDE GUARDS (A, B). BE CAREFUL NOT TO MISTAKE ONE FROM THE OTHER.



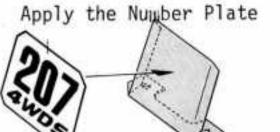


26 \*Cut out the number plate, drill holes of 3 mm diameter, and fold back the edges along with the dotted lines.

Fold it back to the back side.



3mm hole



The number plate installing in step 28.

#### 27

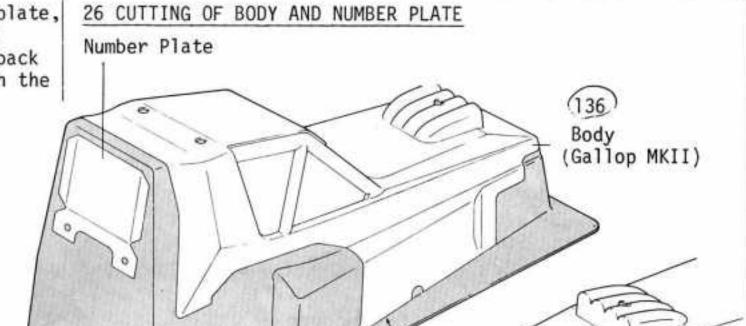
The driver, wing and car body are made of transparent polycarbonate resin. You can expect a better finish if applying paints on the inside. Wash the objects with neutral detergent well to get rid of finger prints and fat, then paint them.

Micron Line tape or equivalent can be used as masking tape and to make patterns. They are availabel in different colors and widths.

Polyca Colors are paints composed exclusively for painting polycarbonate resin. They are very easy to use. Different colors are available.



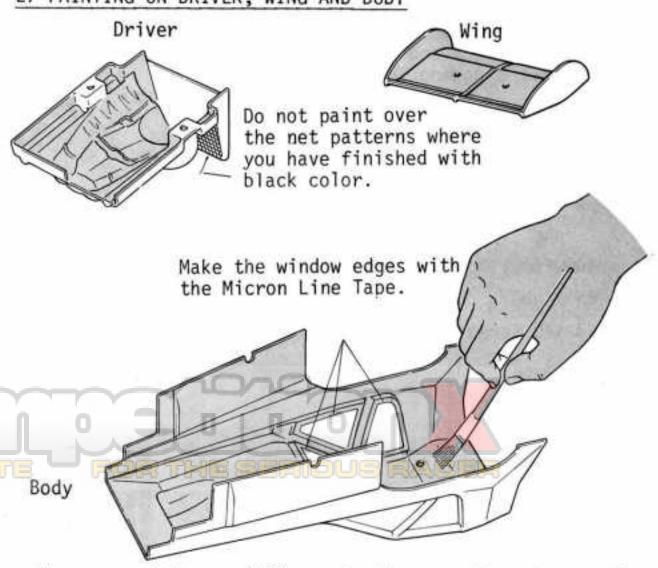




Cutout Line

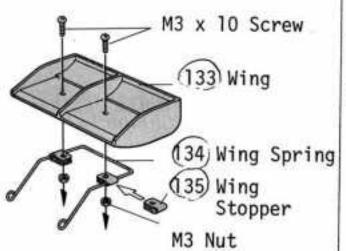
Cut off the shaded portion by snipping along the cutout lines with scissors. You may have the clean cuts by scoring the cutout lines with a knife and try to break off from one end.

#### 27 PAINTING ON DRIVER, WING AND BODY



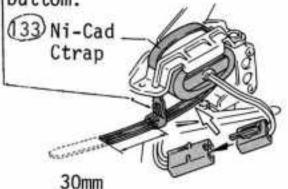
When you paint your Gallop only in one color, two or three coats of the color on the inside of the car body would be sufficient. If you like to paint it with a coloring scheme in more than two colors, mask the inside with masking tape or the Micron Line Tape according to you scheme and start with the darkest paint, and lastly apply the lightest color all over the area.

# 28 ASSEMBLY OF WING



[Mounting of Ni-Cad Battery]

This fastening strap is so devised that it can be unfastened by pressing this buttom.



Fasten it as much as possible and cut if off leaving 30mm from the fastener.

Tuck in the connectors between the battery and the chassis after plugging in them.

M3 Nut . M3 Washer .

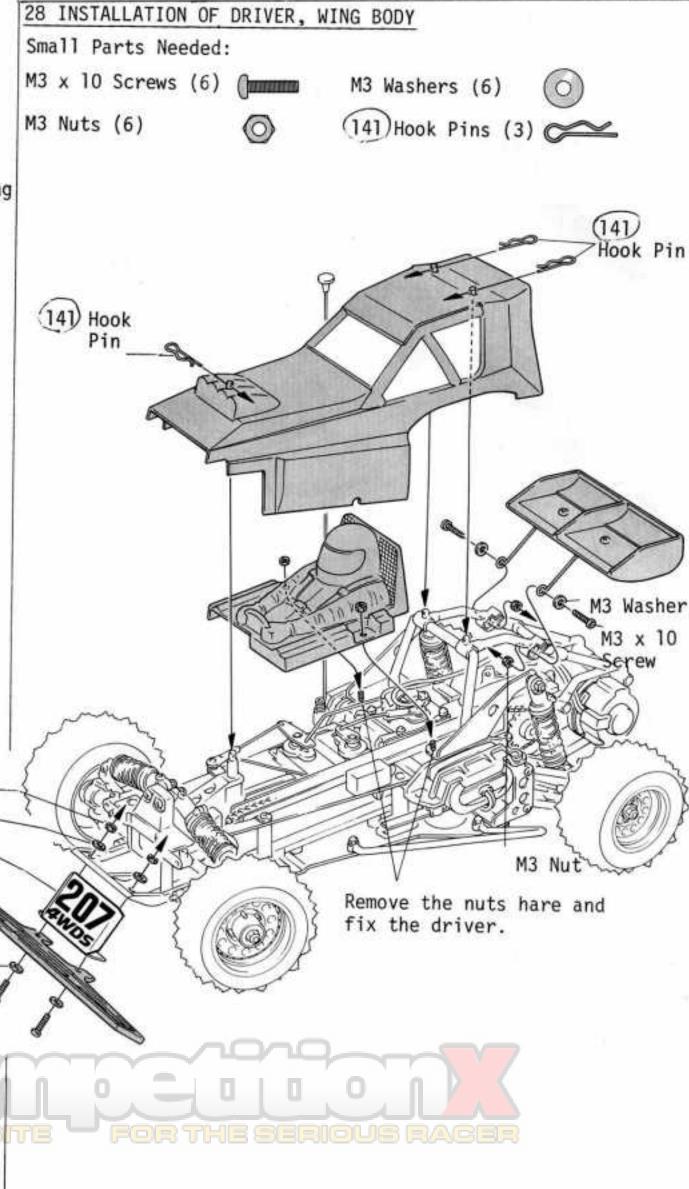
Number Plate

(101)Front Bumper M3 Washer

M3 x10 Screw

For maximum performance of car, a high performance battery is recommended.





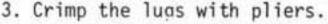
## HOW TO OPERATE THE BEC TYPE RADIO

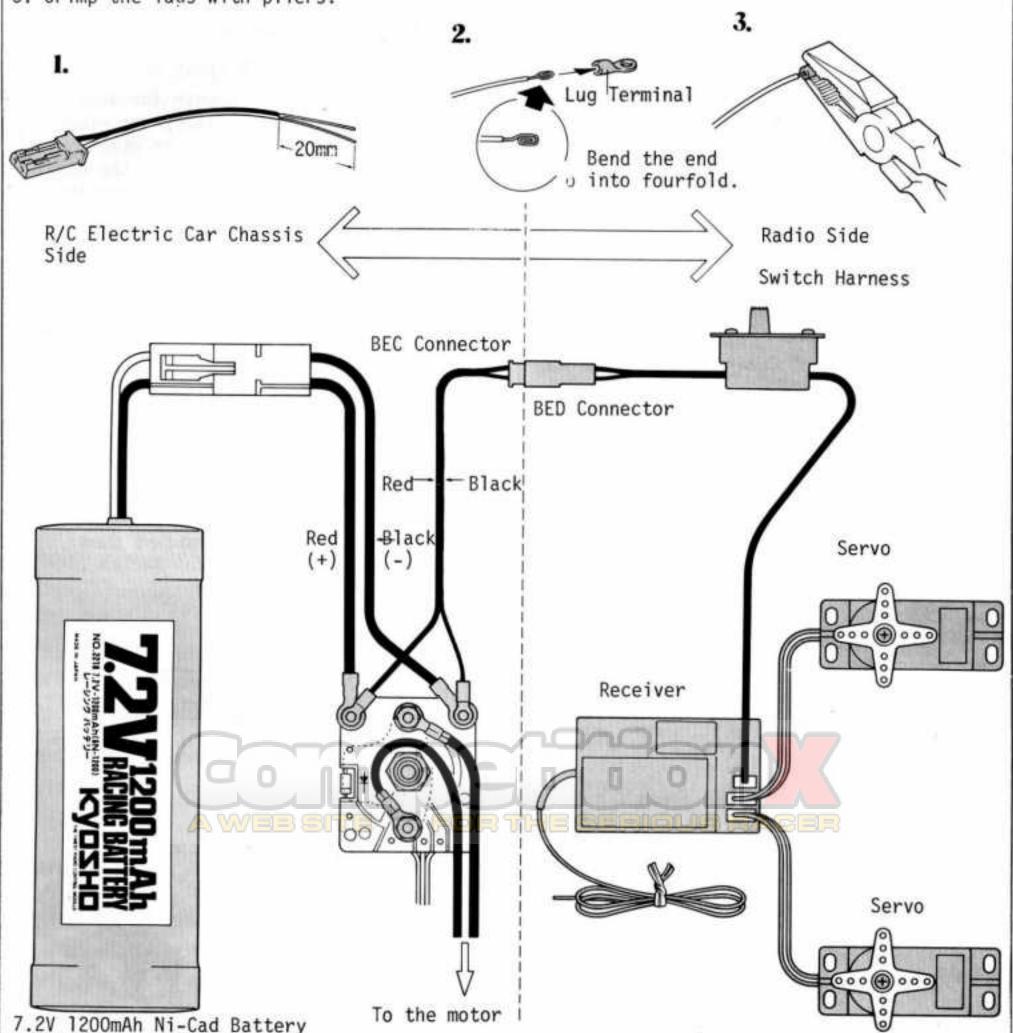
WHAT IS THE BEC TYPE? ... It is a system in which a connector is provided to power the receiver and servos from the propelling 7.2V mAh Ni-Cad battery. When you use a BEC type radio, you are required just to plug the connector (female) on the car chassis into the BEC connector (male) from the switch harness; then all the connection between the battery, receiver, and servos is completed.

\*With a BEC type radio connect the lug terminals, used in Step 10, to the BEC connector and fix them onto the speed controller PC board at the terminal bolts as shown in the drawing below.

#### [Fixing Lug Terminal]

- 1. Remove the vinyl insulation from the BEC connector lead wires.
- 2. Insert the ends of wires into the lug terminals.



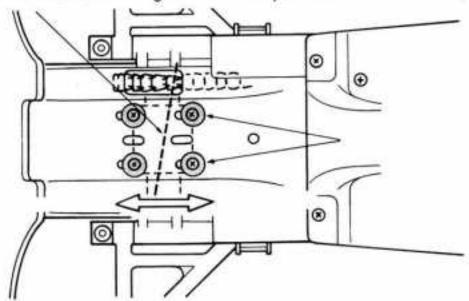


\*On this process, be careful about the polarity; the red wire is positive +, and the black negative -.

When your assembly is completed adjustment the following items:

[Adjustment of Chain]
Slide the front shaft holder backward or
forward to give the proper tension to the
chain.

If the front differential mount is installed obliquely, the smooth operation of the differential gear is hampered.

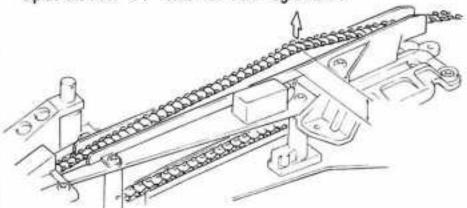


The chain will become tighter.

The chain will be looser.

#### 1. Ideal Tension of Chain

Set the chain so that it can be lefted up 10mm by finger at about the center of the chain guide (A), and you will attain smooth operation of the drive system.

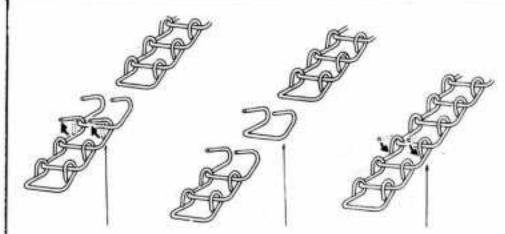


IF THE CHAIN IS TOO TIGHT, the rotation of the chain becomes difficult, with considerable loss of power.

IF THE CHAIN IS TOO LOOSE, it flop around.

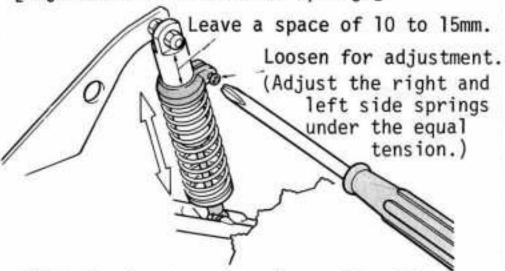
# 2. When the chain is stretched

In operation, the chain will slacken little by little. Check it from time to time to keep it in a good adjustment. When the chain has been stretched beyond the range of adjustment, remove one link out of the chain.



A. Cock up the B.Take away C. Connect the claw. one link. chain again.

[Adjustment of Suspension Springs]



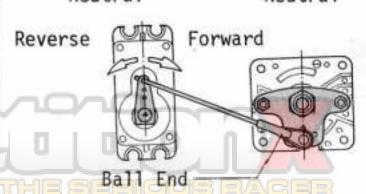
\*With the front spring, leave 5 to 10mm space.

# [Adjustment of Speed Controller]

Connect the cord to the 7.2V Ni-Cad battery in the same way as you did in Step 12, page 13, "Test Operation of Radio. Work the radio to adjust the speed control with the model resting upon a box so that the wheels are kept aloof from the ground to let them rotate freely.

Neutral

Neutral



By turning the ball end, adjust the speed controller to the position shown in the drawing above (motor stopped position) with the control stick and the trim lever in neutral.

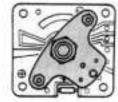
#### Adjustment for High Speed

When the control stick on your radio is pushed forward all the way, the controller should be activated and the motor should run at a high speed. By the motor sound, you can tell if the motor is running high, medium, or low speed.

High

Midium

Low







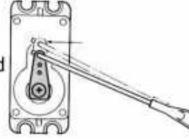
#### Adjustment for Reverse

Pull the control stick and the controller horn should operate as illustrated in the diagram below. The motor should run in

reverse.

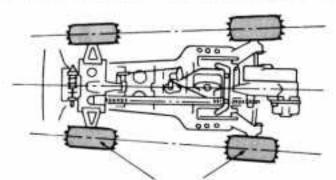
Servo Horn (Bigger One)

If the movements described in 1 and 2 are not achieved, replace the servo horn with a bigger one



# [Adjustment of Toe-In]

Keeping the radio on with the steering stick and the trim lever in the neutral position and the wheels in contact with the ground, adjust the ball ends in such a way that the wheels are arranged as shown in the drawing. If not, adjust the ball ends for proper alignment.

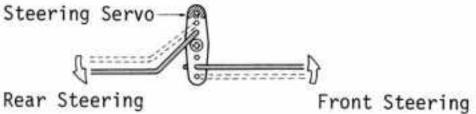


The center lines of the front and rear wheels should be aligned.

#### [Adjustment of Steerage]

Operate the steering system by your radio, measure the swing of the steerage at the tip of the tire knobs to see if it is within the scope as indicated in the illustration below. (When measuring, put the model on a box or on a stand to make the wheels aloof from the ground.) If you find the swing out of the limits, rearrange the connection of the control rods into an inner hole on the servo horn.

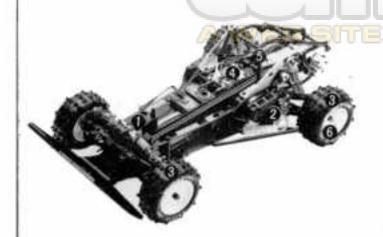
One side 6 - 7mm One side 1 - 2mm at the top of stud at the top of stud 6-7mm 1-2mm



#### CHECK BEFORE RUNNING

# [Check Before Running]

Before running the car, check the parts in order of the numbers shown in the picture.



- \*Drive slowly the first time the car is run. Continue driving slowly until the battery needs recharging. Check all moving parts on the car.
- 1. Check to see if all bolts and nuts are tightened firmly.
- . Check to see if batteries for radio control units and the motor are charged fully.
- 3. Check to see if the front wheels steer in proportion to your control of the transmitter.
- 4. Check to see if the forward and reverse movement of the car responds accurately to your control

5. Check to see that all wiring is properly insulated with vinyl tape.

6. Check to see that the rear wheels are free and can be turned by hand.

### [Operating Steps]

- 1. Put batteries into radio control units. Install main Ni-Cad running battery.
- Turn transmitter switch on.
- 3. Switch on the receiver.
- 4. Check to see that the sticks of your transmitter operate correctly, right and left for steering, and up and down for throttle.
- \*When turning off the switches, turn off the receiver first then transmitter. Otherwise, the car servos may be left in a position other than nuetral.

#### [Trouble Shooting when the Car does not Start]

- 1. Poor contact of connectors of receivers, servos, batteries or of electric wiring.
- 2. Poor contact of the speed controller wiper blade.
- 3. Radio control units are out order.
- Signal jamming from other radios.
- \* The radio control units in the Gallop 4WDS is powered by the same battery which drives the motor. So, during a run, if you notice any drop of speed, retrieve the car at once and turn the switch off. The battery discharged below a certain limit cannot operate the radio control units and the car will be out of control.

### GUIDE FOR SETTING UP THE CAR (2) [BASIC DRIVING]

### [Adjustment for Staright Going]

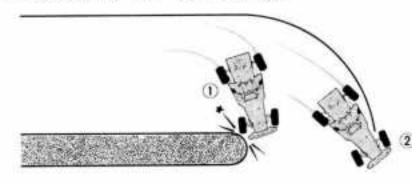
1. When the model runs unstablly without thouching the steering wheel:

\*Increase the toe-in setting to a slight degree.

- \*Check the linkage system too see if there is no loose or stiff connection.
- 2. When the car runs straight and charge the direction suddenly and excessively: \*Check the steering swing of the front and rear wheels. Reduce it a little.
  - \*Examine any looseness in the linkage. On the contrary, stiff connection will hamper the quick and proportionate reaction of the wheels to your control.

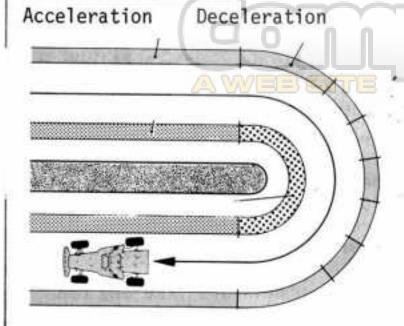


# [Adjustment for Cornering]



- When the model shows a trait of over steering or spinning:
  - \*Check the steerage ratio of the front and rear wheels. Reduction of the degree may be required.
- When the car goes toward the outside of the course at corners:
  - \*Practice to turn corners with the acceleration control. After mastering the technique to some degree, increase the steering ratio little by little.

#### Acceleration Control



Repeat acceleration and deceleration.

With longer period of acceleration, the car turns with larger radius.

With longer period of deceleration, it turns sharply.

By turning the steering wheel all the way and repeating the acceleration and deceleration, the model will change its course at a large or amall turning radius. This is the acceleration control and one of the basic cornering technique.

#### [Adjustment of Shock and Suspension Spring]

Adjust the components based upon a bumpy or slippery road. The table below is a general indication for your reference;

1. Tension of Front Spring

Spring Tension	Straight	High Speed Corner	Low Speed Conrner
Strong	(Slippery Road)	(Slight Over Steering)	(Slight Under Steering)
Medium	C		$\bigcirc$
Weak	(Bumpy Road)	(Slight Under Steering)	(Slight Over Steering)

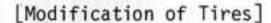
\*Adjust the front springs mainly with the torsion plates, and finely with the coil spring.

2. Tension of Rear Spring

Spring Tension	Straight		High Speed Corner		Low Speed Corner
Strong	(Slippery Road)	$\Delta$	(Slight Over Steering)	Δ	(Slight Under Steering)
Medium				0	ALENCATION CALLED AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
Weak	(Bumpy Road)	$\Delta$	(Slight Under Steering)	0	(Slight Over Steering)

#### Adjustment of Oil Shock

Use thicker oil, when the spring is set to high tension. No.1951 Shock oil is recommended for a thick oil.



Nippers



The Mud Star Tire has very strong road holding power, so it requires no additional spikes. On the contrary, it may be sometimes necessary to diminish the gripping power of it. In such a case, you can snip off the tips of the tread patterns of the tire.

The knobs of the tire tread pattern are composed of three steps. the tip may be cut off. One way of modifying the traction is to cut off not all of them at a time, but to reduce them gradullay, checking the effect.

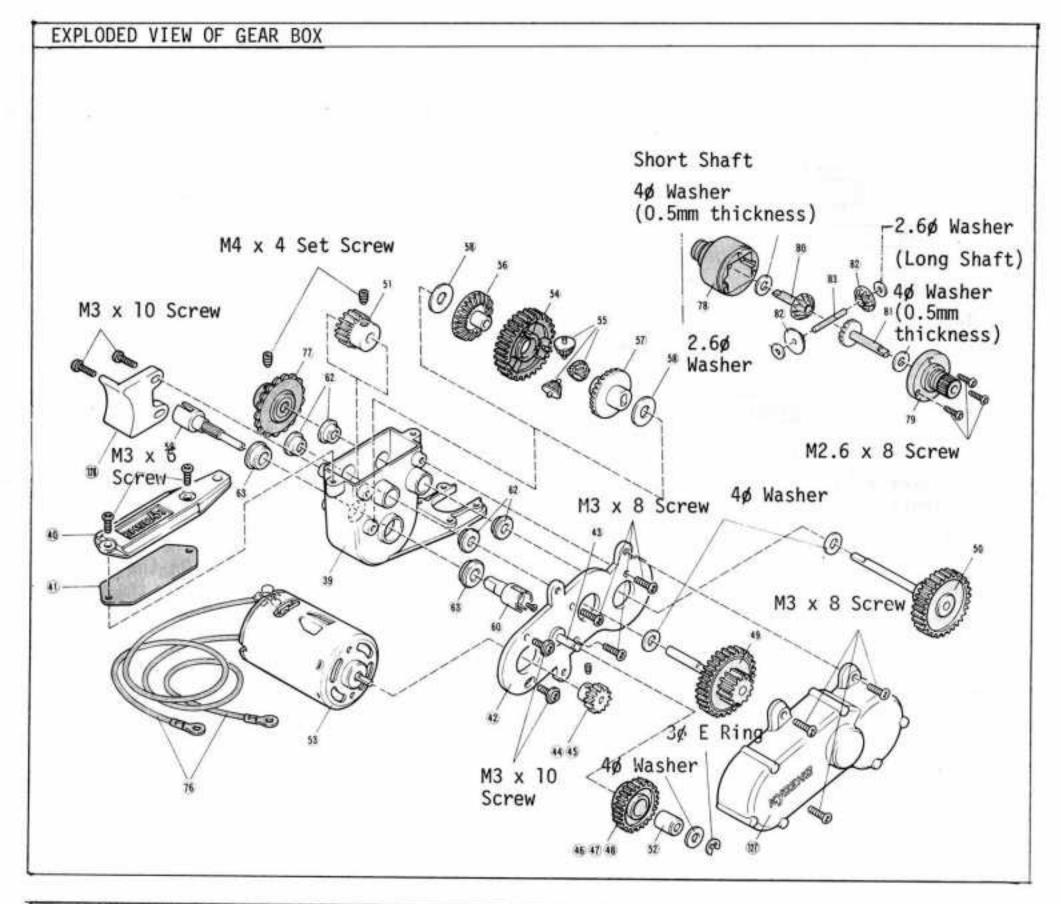
\*Be cautions: The tips of the Mud Star Tire may be worn out during just one run, driven by one charge of a Ni-Cad battery pack, if running on a concrete or asphalt surface.

#### [List of Gear Ratio]

Pinion Gear x

Idle Gear No.	Gear Ratio	Usage			
14T x No.1	9.47 : 1	For quicker acceleration. For prolonging running time. For road surface with more resistance (muddy or grassy			
14T x No.3	9.14 : 1				
15T x No.1	8.84 : 1	course, etc.)			
14T x No.2	8.80 : 1	For Faster speed. For road surface with less resistance			
15T x No.3	8.53 : 1	(hard soil, etc.)			
15T x No.2	8.21 : 1				

<sup>\*</sup>The relation of the duration of running to the gear ratio is as follows: the gear ratio of 8.21: 1 has the longest, and 9.47: 1 the shortest duration.



PARTS LIST							
Key			Key				
No.	Part Name	Q'ty	No.	Parts Name	Q'ty		
(1)	Front Head	1	(21	Rear Shock Spring	2		
All Property and	161.00 c (70.00 f) (10.00 f) (10.00 f) (10.00 f)	i	22	Spring Stopper	4		
(3-	Main Chassis	í	23	Spring Adjuster	4		
(4)	Front Upper Susupension Arm	2	24	Shock End	4		
(5)	Front Lower Suspension Arm	2	25	Rear Shock Ball	2		
(6)	Rear Suspension Arm (R)	0 2	26	Shock Arm (R)	1		
2,3,4,5,6,7	Rear Suspension Arm (L)	2	27	Shock Arm (L)	1		
18	Ball Seat A WILL STIE	4-1-	28	Shock Rubber Pipe	1		
19	Pivot Ball	7	29	Rear Shock Pin	2		
10	Front Knuckle Arm (R)	í	30	Rear Wheel	2		
91	Front Knuckle Arm (L)	i	31	Rear Inner Wheel	2		
12	Rear Knuckle Arm (R)	1	32	Wheel Washer	2		
13	Rear Knuckle Arm (L)	1	33	Wheel Stopper	4		
14	Knuckle Stopper (R)	1	34	Front Tire	2		
15	Knuckle Stopper (L)	1	35	Rear Tire	4 2 2 2 2		
16	Rear Shock Case	2	36	Rear Wheel Shaft	2		
89012345678	Shock Stopper	4	36 37	Rear Half Shaft	2		
18	Shock O Ring	4	38	Rudder Chain	1		
19	Shock Washer	4	39	Gearbox	1		
20	Shock Piston	4	40	Gearbox Cover	1		

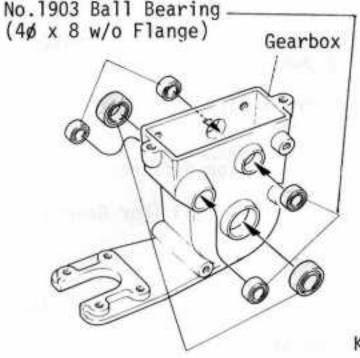
Key		2	Key	2 0 20	7440
No.	Part Name	Q'ty	No.	Part Name	Q'ty
41	Gearbox Packing	1	100	Front Bumber	1
42	Motor Mount	1	102	Rear Guard (R)	i
43	Idle Shaft	1	103	Rear Guard (L)	i
44	Pinion Gear (14T)	1	104		i
45	Pinion Gear (15T)	i		Front Shock Holder	i
46	Idle Gear (1)	i	106	Front Shock Stay	2
47	Idle Gear (2)	1	100	Ni-Cad Deck	ĩ
48	Idle Gear (3)	i	108	FRP Radio Plate	i l
49	Center Gear	i	109	Radio Plate Post	2
50	Counter Gear	i	110	Chain Guide (A)	ĩ
51	Final Pinion Gear	i	8	Chain Guide (B)	i
Contract Contract	Idle Gear Bushing	i	113	Front Upper Suspension Arm Pin	2
53	RS-540S Motor	i	冊	Front Lower Suspension Arm Pin	2
53 64 55	Differential Spur Gear	i	114	3d Stonner	2
55	Differential Bevel Gear	3	115	3ø Stopper Rear Suspension Mount	2
56	Differential Side Gear (A)	ĭ	饭	Rear Suspension Arm Collar	4
57	Differential Side Gear (B)	i	117	Rear Knuckle King Pin Holder	4
58		2	118	Front Servo Saver	1
59	Differential Joint (A)	ī	110	Rear Servo Saver	i
60	Differential Joint (B)	i	120	5 8d Rall	10
61	Motor Cover	î	137	Tie Pod	4
62	4ø Bushing	à	122	Ball End (Large)	8
63	6ø Bushing	10	123	5.8ø Ball Tie Rod Ball End (Large) Ball End (Small)	3
64	Speed Controller PC Boad	i	124	Front Steering Rod	ĭ
65	Speed Controller Horn	i	(125	Rear Steering Rod	i
66	Speed Controller Pivot	i	126	Speed Controller Rod	i
67	Speed Controller Nut	í		Side Gear Cover	î
68	Speed Controller Spring	i	128	Motor Guide	i
68 69 70 71 72	Speed Controller Stud	ì	129	Center Post	2
70	Silver Contact	2	130	Body Hook	ī
71	Lug Terminal	3	130	Roll Bar	i
72	Contact Holder	2	国兴兴	Driver	i
73	Double Resister	ī	133	Wing	î
74	Battery Connecter	i	(134)	Wing Spring	i
75	Resister Holder Metal	î	135	Wing Stopper	2
76	Motor Lead Wire	2	136	Body Gallon MKII	ĩ
77	Rear Sprocket	ī	137	Body, Gallop MKII Decal, Gallop MKII	i
78	Front Differential Case (A)	i	138	Nylon Strap (Small)	8
78 79	Front Differential Case (B)	i		Nylon Strap (Medium)	2
80	Front Differential Gear (A)	i		Ni-Cad Strap	2
(81	Front Differential Gear (B)	i		Hook Pin	3
82	Front Differential Pinion Gear	2		Antenna	ĭ
82	Pinion Pin	ī		Antenna Top	i
84	Front Differential Bushing	2	1000000	Antenna Base	i
85	Front Differential Mount (A)	ī	7 - 7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Antenna Bobbin	i
86	Front Differential Mount (B)	_i_		Servo Spacer	2
87	Sprocket for Differential	0 1-		BEG Connector	ī
88	Front Joint	2	4		
89	Front Half Shaft for Different	ial 2	2000		
90		7-21-1	HE		
91	Front Wheel (R)	ī			
92	Front Wheel (L)	1			
93	Front Inner Wheel	2			
94	Front Wheel Collar	2			
95	Side Guard (A)	1			
96	Side Guard (B)	1			
94 95 96 97	Front Shock Case	2			
99	Spacer	2 2 2			
100	Front Shock Spring	2			
( )		30			

SPARE P	ARTS LIST	
No	Parts Name	Key No. & Consisting of
No.	rar cs hame	key No. a consisting of
PG- 2A		(1(2 x 1
PG- 3	Main Chassis	(3 x 1
PG- 5A	Suspension Arm Set	4 5 6 7 x 2
PG- 8	Ball Seat	(8 x 8
PG- 9	Pivot Ball	(9) x 10
PG-10	Front Knuckle Arm Set	10 11 x 1 63 x 4 (press-inserted)
PG-11	Rear Knuckle Arm Set	12 13 x 1 63 x 4 (press-inserted)
PG-12	Knuckle Stopper Set	14 15 x 1
PG-14	Rear Oil Shock	16 17 18 19 20 x 2 (4mm Collar is not in use)
PG-15	Rear Shock Spring Set	21 22 23 24 25 x 2
PG-17	Rear Shock Arm	26 27 28 x 1 29 x 2
PG-19	Rear Wheel	30 31 x 2
PG-20	Wheel Stopper Set	32 33 x 2 (w/E Ring1)
PG-21	Front Tire	34 x 2
PG-22	Rear Tire	85 x 2
PG-24	Rear Wheel Shaft	36 x 2
PG-26	Rear Half Shaft	37 x 2
PG-28	Rudder Chain	38 x 1
PG-30A	Gearbox Case	39 40 41 x 1 62 x 4 63 x 2
PG-31	Motor Mount	42 43 x 1
PG-32	Gear Set (A)	44 45 46 47 48 52 x 1
PG-33	Gear Set (B)	49 50 51 x 1
PG-34	Differential Gear Set	54 56 57 x 1 55 x 3 68 x 2
PG-35	Differential Joint Set	59 60 x 1
PG-37	Motor Cover	59 60 x 1 61 x 1 (polycarbonate)
PG-38	4ø Bushing	62 x 10
PG-39	6ø Bushing	63 x 10
PG-40	Speed Controller Set	64 65 66 67 68 69 x 1 70 71 72 x 2 73 x 1
PG-41	Speed Controller PC Boad (w/Diode)	64 x 1 71 x 2
PG-42	Contact Set	70 x 4 72 x 2
PG-43	Connector Lead Wire Set	74 75 x 1 76 x 2
PG-52	Resister for the Three Speed	73 x 1
PG-53	Front Differential Set	77 78 79 80 81 83 85 86 87 x 1 88 82 84 x 2
PG-54	Differential Case, Mount Sprocket	77 78 79 85 86 87 x 1 84 x 2
PG-55	Gear Set for Front Differential	80 81 83 x 1 82 88 x 2
PG-56	Front Half Shaft for Differential	89 x 2
PG-57	Front Wheel Shaft for Differential	90 x 2
PG-58	Front Wheel for Differential	91 92 x 1 33 93 94 x 2
PG-61	Side Guard	95 96 x 1
PG-65	Front Oil Shock	17 18 19 20 97 99 x 2
PG-66	Front Shock Spring	22 23 24 100 120 x 2
PG-67	Bumper, Rear Guard Set	101 102 103 104 × 1
PG-68	Front Shock Holder, Stay	105) x 1 106) x 2
PG-69	Deck, Plat, Post Chain Guide	107)108)110 111 x 1 109 x 2
PG-70	Suspension Arm Pin Set	112 113 114 × 2
PG-71	Rear Suspension Mount Set	115 x 2 116 x 4
PG-72	Rear Knuckle King Pin Holder	117 x 4
PG-73	Front, Rear Servo Saver	118 119 x 1
PG-74	Tie Rod Set	120 122 x 8 12D x 4
PG-75	Linkage Set	(9 (23) x 3 124) 125 (126) x 1
PG-76	Side Cover, Center Post	127 128 x 1 129 x 2
PG-77	Body Hook & Roll Bar	130 (131) x 1
PG-78	Wing & Driver	(32) 133 134 x 1 (135) x 2
PG-79	Body, Gallop MKII	136 × 1
PG-80	Decal, Gallop MKII	137 x 1
PG-81	Screw Set	Screw, Nut Hex Key Set
EF-37	Nylon Strap (Small)	138 x 6
EF-38	Nylon Strap (Medium)	(139) x 6
EF-39	Ni-Cad Strap	140 x 6
EP-22	Hook Pin	(141) x 5
1885	Antenna Set	142 143 144 149 x 1 w/M3 x 14 Screw
1951	Shock Oil Set (S, M. H)	Soft, Medium, Hard Set
MB-18	Linkage Set	146 x 2 (only Servo spacer in use)
The Part of the Pa	Agricultura (Admitter Consection)	20

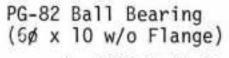
#### OPTIONAL PARTS

[Replaceing of Bearing]

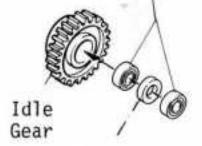
Plain bearings are used for the gearbox, idling gear, and wheel axles. You can grade up the performance of the car by replacing them with ball bearings.

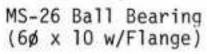


Knuckle Arm



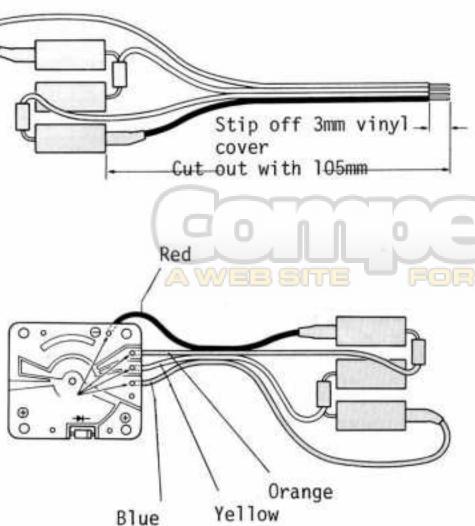
No.1903 Ball Bearing (4ø x 8 w/o Flange)



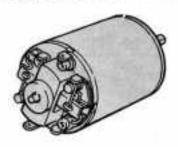


Collar for adjusting the thickness

[Wiring for SC-80 Four (4) Speed Resiter]



[Replacing with Le Mans Motor]

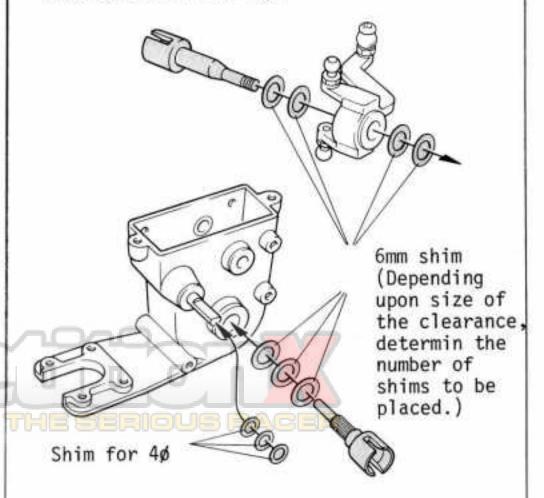


This list shows the suitability of the Le Mans motors for the Gallop Mark II 4WDS. Among them the Le Mans 360PT is the most powerful and optimum to drive electric buggy cars which undergo the stiff running resistance, grading up the performance of the model in speed and running duration time.

Parts No.	Type of Le Mand Motor	Suitability
1893	240S	Inept
1891	480S	Good
1892	480T	Good
1897	480G	Good
1894	600E	Good
1898	360ST	Good
1895	360PT	Best

[How to Fix Shim Set for Ball Bearing]

This is a set of washers, which should be employed when the plain bearing is replaced with the ball bearing.



\*The set also included shims for the differential gear system.

OPTION PAR	RTS	
Parts No.	Parts Name	Key No. & Consistint of
1903	Ball Bearing (4ø x 8)	62 4ø Bushing, Replacement for Idle Gear Bushing 52 2 pcs.(w/Thickness adjustment collar)
MS-26	Ball Bearing (6ø x 10 w/Flange)	Replacement for 6ø Bushing 63 (For Front, Rear Knuckle 2 pcs.)
PG-64	Ball Bearing (10ø x 22)	Replacement for Front Diff. Bushing 84 2 pcs.
PG-63	Shim for Bearing	4ø 6ø adjustment shims for differential
PG-82	Ball Bearing (6ø x 10)	Replacement for 6ø Bushing 63 (For Gearbox 2 pcs.)
SC-80	Four Sneed Resiter	
SC-72	Accessory Set	Body Accessory Parts
CB-124	Linkage Boots	Protects switch against mud and water
1883	Frontier Hobby 0il	Lubricant w/teflon for bearings
0T-23	Pinion Gear (12T)	Gear Ratio 7.69 - 11.05
0T-50	" (13T)	300
0T-52	" (16T)	



0T-53

(17T)

# OFF-ROAD RACER GALLOP MK II

# List of Parts in the bags

Bag No.	Key No.	Name of Part	Q'ty	Parts Used in Instruction
(1)	1	Front Head	1	[2]
	105	Front Base Front Shock Holder	i	[2] [2] [2] [3] [5]
	106	Front Shock Stay	2	[3]
	14.15	Knuckle Stopper (R) (L)	R.L x 1	[5]
(2)	85.86	Front Diff. Mount (A)(B)	A.B x 1	[2] [2] [4] [4] [4]
	88 38	Front Joint Rudder Chain	2 1	[2]
	112	Front Upper Sus. Arm Pin		[4]
	113	Front Lower Sus. Arm Pin	2 2 2	[4]
	114 28	3ø Stopper Shock Rubber Pipe	2	[4][14]
). Vi	118	Fornt Servo Saver	i	[5]
(3)	4	Front Upper Sus. Arm	2 2	[3]
	5	Front Lower Sus. Arm		[3] [3] [6]
	6.7	Rear Sus. Arm (R) (L)	R.L x 2	[6]
(4)	8	Ball Seat	4	[3]
	120	Pivot Ball 5.8ø Ball	10	[3][5][8][17] [3][4][5][6][8] [5][8] [5][8]
	121	Tie Rod	4	[5][8]
	122	Ball End (L)	4 8 3	[5][8]
	123 130	Ball End (S) Body Hook	3	[18] [5]
. = \				
(5)	109 129	Radio Plate Post Center Post	2	[7] [7]
	110.111	Chain Guide (A) (B)	A.B x 1	[10][7]
	108	FRP Radio Plate	1	[10]
(6)	115	Rear Sus. Mount	2	[6] [6]
70 GA	116	Rear Sus. Arm Collar	4	[6]
	117	Rear King Pin Holder M3 x 12 Screw	4	[6] [6]
		3mm Nut	4	[6] [8]
	119	Rear Servo Saver	1	[8]
(7)	138	Nylon Strap (S)	8	[9][10][12]
	139	" (M)	2	[12]
i i	140 146	Ni-Cad Strap Servo Spacer	2	[28]
	71	Rug Terminal	0 20	[10]
	147 <u>~</u> 74	BEC Connector  Battery Connector		15
	75	Resister Holder Metal	i	[13]
	131	Roll Bar	D 1 2 1	[14]
	26.27 29	Shock Arm (R) (L) Rear Shock Pin	R.L x 1	[14]
	25	Shock Ball	2	[14]
	110.00	M2.6 x 6 Screw	1	[11]

Bag No.	Key No	. Name of Parts	Q'ty	Parts Used in Instruction
(9)	65	Speed Controller Horn	1	[17]
0025090	66	" Pivot	i	1 TO
	67	" Nut	;	[17]
	68		1	[17]
	69	" Spring	1	[17]
	70	Holding Metal	Ĭ	[17]
		Silver Contact	2	[17]
	72	Contact Holder	2	[17]
	104	3mm Brass Nut	2	[17]
	124	Front Steering Rod	1	[18]
	125	Rear Steering Rod	1	[18]
	126	Speed Controller Rod	1	[18]
(10)	44	Pinion Gear 14T	1	[16]
	45	" 15T	1	For Setting
	46	Idle Gear No.1	1	
	47	" No.2	1	ir
		0i1	1	[1][16]
(11)	91.92	Front Wheel	2	[20]
	30	Rear Wheel	2	[20]
	93	Front Inner Wheel	2	[20]
	31	Rear Inner Wheel	2	[20]
	32	Wheel Washer	2	[21]
	33	Wheel Stopper	ā	[21]
	94	Front Wheel Collar	2 2 2 2 2 4 2	[21]
(12)	95.96	Side Guard (A)(B)	A.B x 1	[23]
4000	102.103	Rear Guard (R) (L)	R.L x 1	[24]
	104	Rear Guard Joint	1	[24]
	101	Front Shock	i	[28]
(3.5)				[20]
(13)	134	Wing Spring	1	[28]
	135	" Stopper	2	[28]
	133	Wing	1	[25]
	61	Motor Cover	1	[22]
	132	Driver	1	[25]
	3	Main Chassis	1	[7]
Antenna	4 10.14.5	Rug Terminnal	1	[19]
	142	Antenna	1	[19]
	143	Antenna Top	1	[19]
	144	" Base	1	[19]
	145	" Bobbin	1	[19]
		M3 x 14 Screw (B)	1	[19]
	136	Body	no.dh	[26]
	137	Deca1	1	[26]
		Instruction Manual	1 11 0	n
	34	Front Tire	<b>2</b>	[20]
	35	Rear Tire	2	[20]
		Gear Box Assembly	1	[16]
		Front Shock	2	[1]
		Rear Shock	2	ΪίĨ
	107	Ni-cad Deck	ī	[11]
	78-86	Front Diff	1	[2]
	87	Front Sprocket	1	ī 21
	64.73	Speed Controller PC Boad (w/Resis	ter) 1	[ וֹוֹן
	89	Front Half Shaft	2	[4]
	37	Rear Half Shaft	2	[4] [15]
		execution in a contract of the		E A STORY

Bag No.	Key No.	Name of Parts	Q'ty	Parts Used in Instruction
	90	Front Wheel Shaft	2	[4]
	36	Rear "	2	[15]
	10.11	Front Knuckle Arm (R) (L)	R.L x 1	[3]
	12.13	Rear " Screw Cement	R.L x 1	[6] [3]

# Screws & Nuts etc.

Part Name	Size	Q'ty	Part Name	Size	Q'ty
Screw	M3 x 10	40	Hex Head Set Screw	M3 x 5	5 4
	M3 x 15			$M4 \times 4$	4
	M3 x 20	8 2 4			
	M3 x 45	4	Nuts	3mm	33 2
	M4 x 55	1		4mm	2
	M4 x 60				
			Nylon Nut	3mm	14 5
Flat Head Screw	M2.6 x 5	12		4mm	5
Screw	M2.6 x 8	2	Washer	3ø	10 4
	M3 x 6	2 4 8 8		4ø	4
	M3 x 8	8			
	M3 x 10	8	E Ring	3ø	2
	M3 x 15	10			
			Hook Pin		3
			Hex Key	1.5mm 2mm	1



